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COCHRANE & MUNN'S
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Victoria Daily Times.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY
LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE
— AT —
COCHRANE & MUNN'S

VOL. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, FEB. 24, 1891. No. 49

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

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The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
Fe23-tf

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ENGLAND AND THE SOUDAN

BRUTAL MURDER OF AN AFRICAN SLAVE GIRL.

Treaty Negotiations Between Germany and Austria Nearly Concluded—The McKinley Bill Felt in Italy—Appointing Governors for West Africa.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Notwithstanding the qualified denial of Sir James Ferguson last night, there is a general belief that Lord Salisbury's Government meditates an advance into Soudan with a view of re-conquering that vast region for the Khedive and for England. The force at present in upper Egypt is very small and consists of native Soudanese troops, under British officers including Colonel Holland Smith, Capt. Beech of the 20th Hussars, and Captain Besant. As Sir James, truly says, this force is not strong enough to more than occupy Tokar. But England could not, and would not, prevent the Khedive from sending a much larger native force under British commanders into the Soudan. The Soudanese troops are magnificent fellows, mostly at least six feet tall and of great strength. A dispatch says that the wiry but weaker Dervishes could not stand a moment before them when they came hand-to-hand.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

From Zanzibar comes the news of a horrible murder committed by a German named Raddatz upon an African slave girl whom he got into his possession. The girl belonged to the Wahili tribe, and Raddatz brutally murdered her in a bathroom and buried part of her body on the beach in the neighborhood of his house. The dwelling, on being searched, afforded ample evidence of the crime. Raddatz will be tried by the German authorities.

AUSTRO-GERMAN TREATY.

A Vienna dispatch says that treaty negotiations between Austria and Germany are nearly concluded, but the draft of the convention will be kept secret until laid before the parliaments of Germany, Austria and Hungary in autumn. Meanwhile, it, is said, the governments of the two empires will enter into treaty negotiations with other countries, taking the Austro-German convention as a basis, and all the treaties will be submitted together.

CHARACTERIZED AS UNCHRISTIAN.

The Catholic bishops in Austria have addressed their flocks in opposition to the anti-Semitic agitation. They characterized the movements as unchristian.

THE EFFECT OF THE M'KINLEY BILL.

According to a dispatch from Rome, the silk trade of Italy shows a decrease of 83 million lire during the year 1890. It is alleged that this is partly due to the American McKinley bill. If this is true Signor Crispi's repeated assertion that McKinley did not hurt Italy seems to have been ill-founded. The present cabinet claims to be making other fiscal discoveries that will surprise the Italian people.

DISTRICT GOVERNORS.

A Berlin dispatch says that Baron Soden hopes to induce Emin Pasha and Dr. Peters to take service under him as district governors in West Africa, but that Major Wissmann will not follow their example as he intends to return to Germany on the expiration of his present commission.

GETTING OLD AND FOGYISH.

The presence of the Duke of Cambridge as commander-in-chief of the army, after the recommendation of the royal commission to the effect, practically, that he ought to resign and permit a general reconstruction of army methods under a younger and more vigorous commander, excites general disgust among the Conservatives as well as Liberals.

NELSON NOTES.

Little Items of Interest Gleaned from the Miner's Columns.

A serious accident occurred on the Columbia and Kootenay grade, about 4 miles below Nelson, on Tuesday night by which a man named John Nettleton, familiarly known as "Yorkie," was dangerously, and it is feared fatally, wounded.

Over 600 pounds of mail matter were received and distributed at the Nelson post office during the four weeks ending February 12th. Yet, Nelson's postmaster receives the munificent salary of $30 a year.

On Monday a party of men commenced removing obstructions from the channel of the Columbia river at Kootenay rapids, a mile below Sproat. The party is in charge of A. Linquist, who was the mate of the steamer Lytton last season. The water in the river is said to be lower than usual for this season of the year.

It is reported that the collector of customs at Kootenay Lake has been instructed by the Ottawa authorities to collect duty on all mining machinery brought into the lake country last fall. The reason given for this action is that the machinery is of a class manufactured in Canada. The machinery brought in was an engine and hoist for the Skyline, and the same for the Krao, two Hot Springs district mines.

The road between Bonner's Ferry and Kootenay is in bad condition, so bad that it is almost impassable. About 100 tons of freight for the Great Northern railway is at the station, but the teamsters will not touch it. Up to last week there had been little or no snow, and unless enough falls by March 1st to make sleighing practicable, much trouble and delay in forwarding freight will surely be the result.

J. C. Rykert, the pioneer farmer and customs collector of the Kootenay lake country, is one of the enterprising men of West Kootenay district, his energies and money being devoted solely to the development of the section of country in which he has made a home. He intends starting a dairy in the spring, milk cows now being on the way in, and hopes to be able to supply part of the milk and butter used in the mining camps on the lake. He has now the only chicken ranch in the country, and expects to have 200 yellow-legged spring chickens hatched out within this month, the first brood appearing on Sunday last.

The ore in the Silver King continues getting richer as the tunnel is advanced. Six assays made on Thursday from ore taken from the face of the tunnel averaged $1,400 to the ton. Much of the ore is brittle antimonial silver, from which assays as high as $10,000 a ton are obtained.

WAS LANGEVIN BRIBED?

Tarte Claims that Sir Hector Received $5,000 From the Dock Contractors.

(Special to the TIMES.)

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 24.—Speaking at Lange Garden, Montgomery county, yesterday, I. L. Tarte, of Le Canadien, created a sensation by reading a letter from Hon. Thomas McGreevy to the contractors for the Esquimalt graving dock, in which the writer states that Sir Hector received $5,000 for dismissing an engineer whom the contractors could not bribe to report in their favor. Tarte's statement, which is borne out by McGreevy's letter, is to the effect that during the construction of the Esquimalt dock the contractors were very anxious to have some alterations in the plan. It appears that the local direction of that enterprise was in the hands of Governor Trutch, who had control of Bennett, the Government engineer. They tried to bribe Trutch, but could not succeed. Then they thought of having Bennett removed and replaced by a man of their own selection. In his letter McGreevy states that he has succeeded in obtaining from Sir Hector the removal of Bennett; but he adds that they must pay $5,000 to Sir Hector for that favor.

In the same letter he tells them that if they are prepared to give that sum they have only to give the name of the engineer whom they want to replace Bennett. As Bennett was removed, it seems that the $5,000 was paid. Tarte will confront Sir Hector in Richelieu with McGreevy's letter.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Keep your eye on Myers' addition. *

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's. *

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

Myers' addition is a chance not often offered. *

The heart of the small boy is full of bliss. He can now slide down hill on his sled and strike terror and dismay to the hearts of timid pedestrians.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 52½ Government street, next bank of British Columbia. *

See notice of Myers' real estate sale. *

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

Buy a lot in Myers' addition. *

Some elegant patterns of Brussels carpet for season 1891, just to hand, at Weiler Bros., successors to Jno. Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

At a meeting of the Nanaimo municipal council last evening the sum of $200 was voted towards the relief of the widows and orphans of the Springfield miners who met their death in the explosion on Saturday night.

The steamer City of Kingston will take a car load of Guano from this city to-night for Portland, via Tacoma. The guano came down from Alaska and is the first of what promises to be a large business for the northern territory.

Two carloads of new goods in Antique Oak furniture, just received at Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

The Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association is prepared to pay SIX per cent. interest per annum on all deposits of 50 cents per month and upwards. Subscribe for shares at 46 Fort street. *

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

C. N. Muller of Seattle is in the city.

Rev. C. E. and Mrs. Dobbs are at the Douglas House.

P. C. Dunlevy returned from the Sound last evening.

L. Carmon of A. W. More & Co., will leave for Toronto to-night via the C. P. R.

G. F. Cooper of the B. C. Commerce, Vancouver's new trade journal, is in the city.

Sam Gray, jr., who has been employed for some time at Seattle, is in this city on a visit.

D. B. Jackson, manager of the Puget Sound and Alaska S.S Company came over last evening.

A. E. Howse of Nicola, is in the city, and as usual is on business connected with the development of the upper country in general, and Nicola in particular. Mr. Howse reports Nicola to be prosperous.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

THE INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES WELL RECEIVED.

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant Place Some Facts Before the Voters for March the Fifth—President Howard Speaks on the Labor Question.

Notwithstanding the severe cold, a goodly number of the electors turned out last evening at Esquimalt to hear the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, on the political questions at issue. Mr. Henry Cogan was nominated to the chairmanship of the meeting.

FACTS FOR VOTERS.

Mr. Templeman was the first speaker, who, in addition to being well received, was listened to attentively throughout his speech. He spoke, in the first place of the injustice done the country by Sir John Macdonald in dissolving parliament before a re-registration of voters had taken place; showing the large number who are thereby disfranchised, and speaking generally of the unfairness of the present Dominion franchise, act for which Col. Prior has voted. He has also voted against any attempt to amend or wipe out this unjust measure. Mr. Templeman also referred to the scandalous neglect with which the Government have treated this province, and particularly this city and district. Victoria, the fourth greatest revenue producing city in the Dominion, has not received that amount of consideration at the hands of the Dominion government which is due her. The government has, after a debtor and creditor balance has been struck, the sum of $562,000 from Victoria during the past year, and what has been done with it. A good deal of the money that has been expended in the Province by the Dominion Government was for the salaries of public officials and the maintenance of public offices, the remainder has gone to the subsidising of eastern railways, which were probably not required. This is not a condition of things that the electors will approve of, and Mr. Templeman felt that the letter addressed by Col. Prior to Sir John was perfectly justified. He spoke of Col. Prior more than Mr. Earle because the former gentleman had been longer in the House, and had a record to be judged by. The colonel's whole effort seems to have been centered on obtaining a drill-shed for Victoria. It would be very nice to get a drill-shed, and there is no doubt that we want one; but that question could well be laid aside for an effort to get a couple of hundred thousand dollars for making a more respectable harbor, or something that would be useful—beneficial to the whole place and its interests. But what satisfaction did Col. Prior obtain from the premier? The reply is very characteristic of Sir John. He never does to-day that which he can put off till to-morrow, and so in this case he

RESORTS TO HIS OLD PRACTICE,

of making promises. If Col. Prior had stood by his protest, and come out as a candidate pledged to work in the interests of his constituents only, then there would have been no opposition to him at the present time. It is simply because the people are utterly disgusted at the refusal of the Government to recognize their claims in any way whatever, that Mr. Marchant and himself, Mr. Templeman, are now in the field (hear, hear), in response to a general wish that this election should not go uncontested (applause). But there is another question, which is, possibly, far more important than this one of neglect. It is the trade question, one which affects the entire country. The question of trade with the mother land and with our neighbors across the border is a very important one, and Mr. Templeman expressed himself in favor of as liberal a measure of free trade with all countries as is compatible with the duty of raising a revenue, which all know must be raised; and he was most distinctly in favor of as liberal a measure of reciprocity with the United States as could honorably be obtained. Mr. Templeman remembered quite well the platform taken by Sir John A. Macdonald in 1878 when the National Policy was promulgated. The most extravagant promises were made then. Towns were to become cities, and villages towns, while every place where there was a stream there were to spring up sawmills and villages. But the actual result was altogether different, as Mr. Templeman showed from his own native town, where there are less woolen mills running to-day than previous to 1878. In addition to this the population has very materially decreased in those manufacturing towns. The disaffection and threats of annexation we hear about in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick show that the National Policy has not been the blessing it was promised to be. Another proof of this is to be found in the presence of more than one million Canadians seeking the means of living in the United States. There must be something radically wrong about a country that has to say this. But, as British Columbia is not to any great extent a manufacturing place, the National Policy does not give us much protection. The government has gone to the country on this trade question, feeling that popular sentiment is in favor of closer commercial trade relations with the United States; but they only offer reciprocity in natural products, and the chances are that, judging by Sir John's past, if he is returned to power on the promise of closer trade relations, those relations will be indefinitely deferred. Mr. Templeman would advise farmers to carefully consider the two proposals now laid before them—reciprocity in natural products, and unrestricted reciprocity. There was brought into the port of Victoria last year

$124,000 WORTH OF LIVE STOCK,

on which a duty was paid of $24,961. There were sent in return to the United States three head of cattle, 25 horses, no sheep and no pigs. Among this importation was $63,000 worth of sheep. Would it or would it not be better if the farmer had not this $24,961 to pay? The advantage of unrestricted reciprocity in this case would be on the side of the British Columbia farmer. (Hear, hear.) The quantity of beans, oats, wheat, barley and such produce brought into Victoria last year amounted to $51,349, on which a duty of $9,000 was paid. Would not all that money be better in the pockets of the farmers? It can thus be seen that reciprocity in natural products does not apply to British Columbia so far as protection goes. Mr. Templeman concluded with an earnest request to the farmers to consider well the proposals before them, and if they believed in a greater expasion of trade and consequently in increased prosperity, then to vote for Mr. Marchant and himself at the next election. (Cheers.)

FOOD FOR REFLECTION.

Mr. Marchant followed in a very telling speech against the policy of the Dominion Government. Referring to the state of trade Mr. Marchant pointed out that a sure index would be found in Bradstreets. This agency shows that there were 388 failures last year as compared with 356 in the previous year. This did not show that the N. P. enhanced the best interests of the country. (Hear, hear). Mr. Marchant did not forget the absolute and systematic neglect which the Province, and this city and district prticularly suffer at the hands of the Dominion Government. He thought it was hardly honorable on the part of the Government to take the money out of the people's pockets here and practically spend it in other places (applause) while there are numerous improvements needed here. Take the harbor for instance. Nothing is so calculated to injure a seaport city in the shipping world as the report to get abroad that the harbor accommodation is defective or dangerous. No less than three times did the Islander ground in the harbor last week, and the blame is distinctly traceable to the Government's policy of neglect. Our harbor accommodation is such that not only Victoria, but the magnificent harbor at Esquimalt should, if proper trade relations existed between the two countries, be crowded with ships laden with the commerce of the world. The electors of this city and district should see that the government does not discriminate against Victoria and in favor of Vancouver. He did not wish to say a single harsh word against the people of Vancouver, but the fact remains nevertheless. Here is a large subsidised steamship line, running in connection with the C.P.R., and it passes by Victoria. It is the same way with the railway company itself. Everything is done by it and its servants to land up Vancouver at the expense of Victoria. Although it is well known that Victoria has the larger population, the company's pamphlets and guide books put both cities down at 15,000. It was not unreasonable to ask that the China and Japan boats call here both going and coming. Mr. Marchant does some importing by these boats, and frequently has perishable goods consigned to him. He has to wait till these go up to Vancouver and undergo the delay and danger of two transhipments before he gets them, and then they are often damaged. Then look at the trouble if one wants to send goods to China. They have to be sent from here up to Vancouver, then transhipped there and brought right past our door again. Supposing one wanted to ship cattle to China and Japan, look at the extra trouble and expense. It costs $80 a head. Mr. Templeman had referred to Col. Prior's letter. Well, Mr. Marchant approved of it; it was a manly letter, because it acknowledges openly that the government supporters were heartily sick of the unfulfilled promises of the government. But he did

NOT STICK TO HIS WORD,

for now we find him seeking election as the "pledged supporter" of that very government which had been deaf to all their representations (hear, hear). This is the government which taxes the working man everything that he has and eats at the rate of 35 per cent, and yet offers and pays to men the munificent sum of $33 per month for delivering letters in the city of Victoria (shame). This is only one instance of the niggardly treatment of this government. If the electors send the Independent candidates to Ottawa they would try from their places on the floor of the House to represent the true state of affairs, and try by all honest and straightforward means to obtain justice for the electors of Victoria city and district (cheers). They trusted to get from the Dominion Government that which the pledged supporters were unable to obtain. Under a proper trade treaty many abuses could be remedied. One of these would be the settlement of the Behring sea question. At present how are

OUR SEALERS SITUATED?

and what has Sir John Macdonald's government done for their protection. They go out risking their lives and their investments in what they consider a free and legitimate calling. Has the government ever taken any steps to recoup them for their losses when interfered with? Sir John ought to have said that the sealers could go and if they suffered loss by interference of a foreign power, their own government would recompense them for their loss, pending the settlement of the difficulty between the mother land and the United States. (Cheers.) There is another thing. In many parts of the United States there are schools of mineralogy, designed for the purpose of testing the minerals of the district and obtaining information for the people. British Columbia is a mineral country, but there is no guide of this kind to help the people to a knowledge of the country's wealth. If returned to parliament the Independents would pledge themselves to endeavor to obtain this. (Cheers). Mr. Marchant referred to the "get up" interviews in favor of the N. P. published in the Colonist. Of course the Colonist knew where to find

[Continued on page 4.]

MORE FACTS FOR VOTERS

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR GUIDANCE ON MARCH FIFTH.

Matters of Trade and Commerce—Promises Given by the Conservatives and Never Fulfilled—Faith Continually Broken With the Electors.

The Irrepressible Conflict in Canada.

The present Canadian campaign is rapidly gathering the elements of the intensest political contest ever fought on Canadian soil.

Never were the Canadians themselves so interested in a party struggle. The issues are largely novel, and the results will be eminently important to the future of the Dominion trade interests.

Many of the principal provincial governments have given their adhesion to the Liberal platform, and this fact has added to the efforts of the Tory party the energy of a desperate despair.

Sir John Macdonald, the Tory Premier, is also suffering under the reproach and the public odium of having persistently ignored the frequent demands on the part of the various provinces for better and more advantageous terms under the act of confederation.

Under that act the provincial governments are entitled to annual subsidies, but in the face of the just claims of the provinces and the increasing requirements of the country the Premier resolutely shut the door of the Federal Treasury and refused any concessions.

The Premier has now discovered his mistake, and realizes the dangerous and critical condition to which he has reduced his party.

There are very few in this country who have any adequate appreciation of the excitement and intensity of interest and feeling which are at present prevailing throughout Canada.

There are numerous causes conspiring to this condition in the affairs of the Dominion. Ever since the triumph of the Macdonald government in 1878, there has been an utter

COLLAPSE OF TRADE

Between Canada and the United States. The Dominion farmers have steadily become more deeply involved in debt and Canadian manufacturers have lamentably languished. And then to complete the unpopularity of the Tory Premier there bursts upon the country the revelations of the Canadian Pacific scandal.

Then back of all these influences and secondary causes entering into, if not producing, the present crisis, is the constantly growing and entirely irrepressible feeling on the part of the Canadian people that there must be closer and more amicable trade relations, if not an essential and absolute union of all interests between the two countries.

This is the real animus of the present Liberal movement, and the Tory Premier so thoroughly appreciates it that in dissolving the House, he gave as his reason that "the government desired closer trade relations with the United States." He should have said, however, that this was the desire of the people and not of the government. In his subsequent manifesto addressed to the "people of Canada" he sets himself straight and makes his meaning perfectly plain by declaring that "the unrestricted reciprocity party is a nest of traitors."

The organs of the government have been crying for months the words "traitor," and "annexationist" as against all who favored freer relations with the United States.—Mail and Express.

Shots from the Camp.

Sir John Macdonald's policy was to sustain the National Policy and let well enough alone.—Hon. John Carling at London, Feb. 7, 1891.

Commercial union means free trade between America and the Dominion and a protective tariff against the mother country. If Canada desired that, Canada can have it.—Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.

At a meeting of the moulders' union the other day in Toronto, there happened to be twenty-six moulders gathered together. A vote was taken on the National Policy, and of the twenty-six, twenty-four voted against it.

When Sir John was taxed with boasting that he would hive the Grits again in 1891, he defended himself by saying that he was only joking. Every day it is beginning to look more and more like a joke, but there is probably no man who takes less enjoyment out of the joke than Sir John.

It is an open question whether Sir John's appeal to the young hope of Canada is addressed to the young men whom he has disfranchised, or the young men who, under his rule have been compelled to leave Canada for the United States.

To my mind the most deplorable thing at present is the exodus of Canadians. Last week three boys went from our shop, and they are going continually as fast as we can make men of them. We are keeping our raw material in the ground, but we are driving our young men out of the country.—C. H. Waterous, jun., Waterous Engine Works, Brantford.

It is at this very moment a matter of discussion in Canada whether a treaty of reciprocity should not be concluded with the United States, and the result of the deliberation may very possibly be an admission of the manufactures of New England into the Dominion under lighter duties than the manufactures of Great Britain. If the Canadian ministry come to the conclusion that such an arrangement is for the benefit of that country, will the Colonial Office advise the Crown to disallow the negotiations? Assuredly not.—London Times.

Figures Don't Lie.

In 1887 our aggregate trade with England was $89,000,000; in 1888 it was $79,000,000; in 1889 it was $80,000,000. In 1887 our aggregate trade with the United States was $92,000,000; in 1888 it was $91,000,000; and in 1889 $94,000,000. In three years under Tory rule, the aggregate trade with Great Britain has declined $9,000,000, and the aggregate trade with the United States has increased by $2,000,000; and this in spite of the N. P. which bolsters up the favored manufacturer.

Will the Victoria manufacturers who are so much afraid of Chicago manufacturers explain how it was ever possible to establish industries in the Puget Sound cities. There were not protected from the great firms of the east yet these grew and flourished in a manner which we in Victoria fail to realize.

Still They Come!

Mr. J. B. Turner a well known Gananoque manufacturer, hitherto a leading Conservative, comes out as a candidate for Leeds. He opposes the trade policy of the Macdonald Government on the ground that it is inimical to the farmers. As manufacturers outside the combine can only prosper if the farmers are prosperous, Mr. Turner comes to the front to protest against the continuance of the high tax policy which Mr. Carling and the other servants of the combines have decreed shall be continued. Mr Turner is a type of thousands of other patriotic Canadians, who have hitherto supported the Conservative party. The dawn of a better day is at hand.

The Farmer's Voice.

What is the voice of the farmers and workingmen of Ontario on the trade question?

The above question was answered in Toronto last week.

The Central Farmers' Institute is composed of delegates from every electoral district in Ontario. It has no political complexion whatever. The voice of such an independent body should carry great weight. I know of no other body so representative and independent. There were 111 delegates. A deputation from the Trades and Labor Council of Toronto met with the Farmers' Central Institute asking their co-operation, first in opposing assisted emigration, and second in pressing for free intercourse with Great Britain and the United States. Both resolutions were almost unanimous.

One More Dodge.

The latest fake of high tax advocates is to publish statements of cancelled orders for Canadian manufactures because of the alleged belief that under unrestricted reciprocity we could not hold our own. A prominent London manufacturer said that no independent manufacturer would make any such professions. It reminded him of Tupper's promises prior to last election, that if the combines did not have their way, millions of British capital, ready for investment in manufactures, would not come to Canada.

We have the combines, but where, oh where, is the British capital?

How They Distinguish.

The combine manufacturers, who favor high taxation and a restricted market, in which they may fix their own prices, are eminent patriots, according to the combine organs. But independent manufacturers, who wish an extended market, a greater chance to do an enlarged business and employ more labor, are traitors to their country and bent on ruining our industries. For example, the Toronto Empire, which is maintained by the combines to fight their battles, finding that Mr. W. Knechtel, of Hanover, is supporting Dr. Landerkin, the Liberal candidate in South Gray, represents him as "the bloated furniture manufacturer" and as "free trade annexationist." He would have been a white-haired patriot if he could have been induced to wave the old flag of the combines.

The London (Eng) Daily News says Sir John Macdonald does not stick at trifles in his efforts to tar his opponents with the brush of disloyalty. His speech in Toronto ranked in audacious misrepresentation with the best efforts of his prototype, Disraeli.

Poor little poodle,
Poor little pup,
Drinking its milk
Out of a china cup.

The above beautiful lines by Tony Pastor, have been made to read as follows by the TIMES poet:

Poor old Colonist
That just like a pup,
Gets its inspiration
From Sir John's cup.

What is lacking is truth and confidence. If there were absolute truth on the one hand and absolute confidence on the other, it wouldn't be necessary for the makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy to back up a plain statement of fact by a $500 guarantee. They say—"If we can't cure you (make it personal, please,) of catarrh in the head, in any form or stage, we'll pay you $500 for your trouble in making the trial." "An advertising fake," you say. Funny, isn't it, how some people prefer sickness to health when the remedy is positive and the guarantee absolute. Wise men don't put money back of "fakes." And "faking" doesn't pay.

Magical little granules—those tiny, sugar-coated Pellets of Dr. Pierce—scarcely larger than mustard seeds, yet powerful to cure—active yet mild in operation. The best Liver Pill ever invented. Cure sick headache, dizziness, constipation. One a dose.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it.
D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Advertisers Take Notice.

"Darling," said he, with wondrous tenderness, while the emotions of doubt and love choked his utterance, "could you be willing to leave your splendid and luxurious surroundings, where a more than oriental magnificence is yours, to share my lot with me?"

"Yes dearest," she replied, as she returned his fervent embrace, "provided always that your lot is one of those sold by Bourchier, Croft & Malahat."

NOTICE.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company has again started running the Express trains on Sundays and Mondays.

BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.

Capital Paid Up, - - £600,000—$3,000,000
Reserve Fund, (WITH POWER TO INCREASE.) - 200,000— 1,000,000

THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN

A Savings Bank Department

in connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.

S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.

sept27-tf

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

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The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, OR TO **EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,**

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LADIES INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING FEATHERBONE CORSETS. TRY A SAMPLE PAIR. SOLD EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY CANADA FEATHERBONE CO. LONDON, O.

THEY ARE MORE DURABLE
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THAN ANY OTHER CORSET IN THE MARKET.

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Office over Erskine's Shoe Store. GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

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(JUST ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL,)

has opened a

TAILORING SHOP

Next to Corner Pandora and Douglas streets opposite the City Hall.

First-Class Work and Fashionable Styles. All Work Warranted. Cutting for families a specialty, and at a low price.

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JAS. A. COHEN,

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Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Paster Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

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SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

--:- FOR FAMILY USE, -:--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

FRANK B. FENWICK,

TENOR VOCALIST,

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TEACHER OF

Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.

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Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

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ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

For Xmas and New Year's PRESENTS.

Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.

G. A. M'TAVISH,

Nurseryman,
Seedsman - and - Florist,
PARK ROAD.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL

81 TO 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

5 Minutes from Court House.

Both Plans.

Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up.

Restaurant by Compagnon late Chicago Club chef

POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE.

Cut this out for further reference. fe19-1m

CHEAP LOTS

Lot James Bay $550; $100 cash and balance on time.
Lot Chatham street; party can build and pay for lot in two years.
4 Lots, $875 each; five minutes walk from tram cars; $10 per month.
Small House and Lot $1000.
Lot Esquimalt Road $700.
6 Acres Lake Hill District $400 per acre, close to proposed Tram Car line.
Lot Fernwood Estate very easy terms.
House and Lot James Bay; $2650.
10 roomed House and 1 acre of land, $5000; easy terms.
5½ acres of land, Lake Hill District, beautiful garden land $500 per acre.

A. TOLLER, 18 Broad St.

feb 18 tf

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
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NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraph line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.

CHARLES WILSON,
fe26w Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

FENCE POSTS

Split cedar fence posts for sale in small or large lots. Leave orders at SCOTCH BAKERY, 103 DOUGLAS ST. ja14-1m

THE PEERLESS THE CHAMPION

Weather Strips

Applied to doors and windows.

They stop the drafts.
They save the fuel.
They preserve the furniture.
They protect the health.

Sold and fitted by

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Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

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B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

97 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA.

TILL 1st MARCH NEW! 10 p.c. DISCOUNT on OVERCOATS

THE LEGISLATURE.

An Afternoon and Evening of Practical Routine Business in the House.

MONDAY, Feb. 23.

Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. Mr. Fraser.

PETITIONS.

By Mr. Rogers—From I. B. Nason and others, re wagon road in Chilcotin, Cariboo district.

By Mr. Milne—From Mrs. Boddy and others, re extension of electoral franchise to women.

By Mr. Kitchen—From residents of Chilliwhack, opposing private bill for power to direct water of Veddar river in Lu-cu-cuck river.

By Mr. Semlin—From J. B. Leighton and others, re stock killed by C.P.R. Co. on railway right of way.

By Mr. Sword—From Alphonse Desrocker and others of Nicomen settlements, re exemption from provisions of Fraser river dyking bill.

By Mr. Sword—From residents in Townships 10 and 7, Langley Prairie, asking that government work be done by contract.

REPORTS.

Standing committee on railways reported the following complete with amendments:—Chilliwhack Ry. Co.; Vernon & Okanagan Ry. Co.; Nicola Valley Ry. Co.; to amend Ashcroft & Cariboo Ry. act, 1890.

Received and adopted.

The committee on private bills and stand orders reported the bill to incorporate the Vernon & Nelson Telephone Co. complete with amendments, and asked leave to reconsider the bill to incorporate the Toad Mountain & Nelson Tramway Co.

Report received and adopted.

Hon. Mr. Robson introduced a bill intituled an act for the observance of the Lord's day.

Read first time. Second reading on Wednesday.

Mr. Kitchen moved for the second reading of an act respecting the Westminster and Vancouver Tramway Company and the Westminster Street Railway Company (No. 20), and explained the act was to enable the two companies to use the same motor power. The were perfectly willing to have the Chinese clause inserted.—Carried.

To be committed Wednesday next.

Mr. Baker introduced an act to incorporate the Upper Columbia Navigation and Tramway Co.

Read first time and referred to committee.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved. That a committee composed of Messrs. Davie, Grant, Sword, Croft and Martin be appointed to enquire into the circumstances connected with admission of local partners also into the position of the financial affairs connected with the contract let to Messrs. F. B. McNamee on the Esquimalt graving dock, in order that the dispute in connection with the matter might be brought to a settlement.

The standing orders were suspended and the motion carried.

Mr. Milne withdrew his Sunday bill.

Hon. Mr. Davie asked that the House order bill No. 17 as amended be printed. He complained that the Colonist had reported him in the discussion on the bill as having said he would bring in an amendment to allow one day to elapse between the time of publication and the issue of a writ. He had, in reply to the question by the senior member for Vancouver, said that he would have no objection to the insertion of the clause. Mr. Cotton had understood him to say he would be willing to allow it to be inserted.

Second reading of the pharmaceutical bill passed and the house went into committee of the whole. Mr. Hunter in the chair

In committee after some discussion Mr. Hall taking the ground that the bill was of the nature of a trades union. He would like to give it a six months hoist. He moved that the committee rise.

The bill was opposed on account of its local character. On the other hand it was argued that if the country districts wished it applied to them they might ask for it; and that it was in the interests of human life that competent persons only should dispense medicines.

Mr. Milne moved in amendment that the committee rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again.

The amendment was carried. Leave was given to resume next sitting.

Col. Baker presented report of committee on railways, asking information on certain points of committee practice.

The speaker remarked that the practice of strangers coming on to the floor of the house in future must be confined to heads of departments.

The house rose for recess at 5:45 p.m.

EVENING SESSION.

MONDAY, 23rd.

The house sat at 7:30 p.m.

The house went into committee of the whole on summary convictions bill, Mr. Keith in the chair. The committee rose without reporting.

In answer to a report from the private bills committee, asking whether after they had reported a bill, they could consider a petition opposing that bill.

The speaker said he would give his ruling to-morrow.

(The petition was that opposing Crow's Nest and Kootenay Railway bill).

Bill was taken up.

Hon. Mr. Davie in doing so said it had been suggested by members that in Westminster district it would facilitate business if county court judges could transact supreme court business.

The bill passed its second reading, and was committed, Mr. Stoddart in the chair. After trifling amendments to the first section, the committee rose, reported progress, and asked to sit to-morrow.

The adjourned debate on second reading of the school bill was then taken up.

Mr. Semlin resumed his remarks of Friday. Before speaking on the question he explained that the TIMES of Saturday had reported him as averse to the school system being vested in any government. He had said that it might work in other provinces perfectly well; but here the conditions were different and the present government could not be trusted in the matter. His argument was that the government was trespassing upon the powers of the trustees; that it was detrimental to do so; and the true policy was to give them more power. Suppose the management of British Columbia schools was centered in the city of Victoria. Could these schools be governed properly that way? He contended not as to nominating trustees. Wherever the trustees do not agree perfectly with the government, trouble would immediately ensue. He recollected one case. It went very well until the trustees elected a teacher who was not approved of by the department; and the result was the school was closed. In another case the department ignored the trustees of a school and appointed three new men. The new board endorsed the old board and from that day the school was in difficulties and was finally closed. The fact that three trustees nominated by the government and four by the city, satisfied him the government intention was to control the schools. Instead of advancing the school interests he was afraid they would advance their own political interests. He took exception to the proposition of centralizing power in the government. They had not time to devote properly to that and their departments. Why did the government interfere with teachers institutes. Teachers were intelligent enough to govern their own institutes. This school bill was a retrograde measure. Those interested in education criticised it very much. The general tendency of it was centralization in the government. He would not support the second reading.

The second reading was carried. To be committed to-morrow.

The house rose at 9.30.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. Cotton—On consideration of the act regarding the Westminster and Vancouver Tramway Co., and Westminster Street Railway, in committee of the whole, to move to add the following new section: That the company shall complete and equip that portion of its works, equipment, line and roadway between the boundaries of the two cities before Dec. 31st, 1891.

Mr. Sword—To ask leave to introduce a bill respecting damage done to stock.

Mr. Sword, on Wednesday 25th, to move the adoption of the report from the standing committee on railways, providing that the rights of eminent domain upon special conditions, but without the necessity of a special charter be granted as a right to applicants for a railway line.

Mr. Beaven, to add the anti-Chinese clause when the following be considered in committee of the whole:

To incorporate Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway; to incorporate the Chilliwack Railway Co.; to incorporate Vernon and Okanagon Railway Co.; to incorporate Nicola Valley Railway Co.; to incorporate Ashcroft and Cariboo Railway Co.; to incorporate Vernon and Nelson Telephone Co.; to incorporate Toad Mountain and Nelson Tramway Co.

NANAIMO NOTES.

A PRETTY WEDDING.

The residence of Mr. J. Shaw was the scene of a very pretty wedding one evening last week, when Mr. Henry Pollard was united to Miss E. Rutherford. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. W. W. Baer in the presence of a large number of the friends of the young couple. The newly married couple left next day for Salt Spring island, their future home.

ANOTHER LODGE OF K. OF P.

In consequence of the Damon Lodge of the Knights of Pythias having grown to such an extent in Nanaimo, it has been deemed necessary to open another lodge. The knights are at present without a hall of their own, but before the new branch becomes inaugurated it is believed that the erection of a large hall will be undertaken.

A HEAVY PAY ROLL.

The New Vancouver Coal Company's payroll on Saturday last was the largest ever reached by the company. The amount is said to have been $707,000. In consequence of the large pay the streets of Nanaimo presented a very busy appearance during Saturday evening, and no doubt the benefit of the extra circulation was felt by a large number.

Y. M. C. A.

The officials of the Y.M.C.A. are continually adding some new and interesting attractions for the benefit of the members of the association. They now contemplate erecting a large building of their own. The new building is to be fitted up with a number of bath rooms. Arrangements have also been completed with the proprietors of the boat houses to furnish the association with boats for a series of acquatic sports during the coming summer.

NO CHANGE IN THE WEATHER.

There has been no material change in the weather during the past week, with the exception that the snow is much deeper than it was a few days ago, and from present indications it will remain so for some time to come.

THE VANCOUVER COAL COMPANY.

In consequence of the recent fall of snow, the work on the New Vancouver company's new wharf at Departure bay has been temporarily suspended. There are twenty carpenters engaged on the work, independently of a number of men who are engaged in building new railway sidings to connect with the other wharf. The company have their hands well filled at the present time with new undertakings. Two new shafts are being put down as rapidly as possible, and a third is to be laid close to the present bore at Northfield. Extensive machinery has been erected close to No. 1 shaft. This machine is called a "washer," and is used for washing what is known as "nuts" and "screenings."

A few improvements have been added to the wharves, which permit the loading of coal into steamers without causing the coal to become broken by the excessively high drop of 40 feet which was formerly the case. Wharf and railway buildings for the extension of the company's Departure bay wharf have been considered essential, owing to the increase of shipping at that place. Railway grading is in course of progress to connect the new shaft (No. 5) with the Southfield track. Arrangements are also being made to introduce an electric haulage into the Esplanade shaft as that mine has already a level nearly two miles in length. At present the company have about 140 mules employed below ground, which means the employment of a like number of drivers. The electric haulage arrangement will therefore be an economical saving of labor to the company, besides adding to the advantage of an increase in the output. There are other improvements in contemplation, which the company considers necessary in order to keep the colliery abreast of its competitors.

The steamer empress of India, which left England on Jan. 21st, has among her cargo a large quantity of steel rails for the New Vancouver Coal Co., which are to be used for the construction of new lines.

What a Change

Is wrought in people who suffer from rheumatism when they take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The acidity of the blood, which causes the disease, is neutralized, the blood is purified and vitalized, the aching joints and limbs rest easily and quietly, and a feeling of serene health is imparted. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished wonders for thousands subject to rheumatism. Try it yourself.

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's chief Committee Rooms are at 100 Yates street, in the Barron block, next the Clarence.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DR. FOWLER'S •EXT: OF• •WILD• STRAWBERRY CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC and CRAMPS DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY

AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, ELLEN JOHNSON, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.

Dated Feb. 5, 1891. fe6-1m

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ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

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Smokers' Provider,

— HAS —

Removed to 111 Government St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE.

All Smokers articles at cost on account of lack of room. ja27-3m

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Money to Loan on Mortgage AT LOW RATES.

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DR. LEWIS HALL DENTIST. Graduate Philadelphia Dental College. Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth. Craft & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street. Office Hours:—9 a.m., to 5 p.m.

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for $1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for 1.25
do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D. 1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape 1.50
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A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset 2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset 2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin 2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille 2.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c. y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8½c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

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REQUISITION

To Messrs. E. G. Prior and Thomas Earle.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this district, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election, as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sidney Dobbin, Kenneth McKenzie, Fred Davey, Philip D Goepel, Arthur D Lewis, Richard Downer, H Logan, A Phillips, Thos Dodds, John Devereaux, A D Grieve, W Young, John Bogle, James McAuslan, H Keeler, Wm Rothwell, Wm Robinson, Victor Jensen, J J Austin, Wm H Routledge, G C Shaw, S P Mills, Wm Whittaker, Geo Morrison, J G Cameron, W H Dilby, Fleming Bros, S M Hartman, David Spencer, H Young, C W Kammerer, Robert Mitchell, George Stotts, P Hickey, John B Chantrell, George H Garesche, Thomas Harman, Richard Hall, J C Marshall, A R Cameron, Geo F Fox, A G Sargison, P S Maclure, H Kent, Wm Croft, B Gordon, N Fitzstubbs, E W Spencer, Robert Dexter, A R Banester, W Cowling, G Doughty, Charles Kent, Theodore Davie, J R Anderson, F Gilchrist, Thos Tugwell, E W Matthews, C N Cameron, Braden and Stamford, Wm Gordon, R F Tolmie, D E Campbell, Philip J Hall, H B Rendell, D O'Leary, W H Mason, William Lorimer, W J Smith, John Haggerty, O H Goodwin, Jas L Raymur, S W Bucknam, Thos Garvin, W H Philipps, John Drant, William Mann, G H Brown, John Colbert, H Devlin, A J Briggs, R P McLennan, Simeon Duck, Wm Dalby, A Gregg and Son, W G Stevenson, John Teague, jr., J F Smith, R W Fawcett, H T Mann, Robert Heron, Arthur Smith, John P. 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REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,

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SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

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A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Sleeplessness, by Mail. Its powers are guaranteed to cure Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Lost Manhood, Wakefulness, Premature Decay, Lost Power, Exhausted Vitality, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfitness for study, Excessive Indulgence, etc. Six boxes cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. nov8-1y

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Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lost of Energy, Impotency, Dizzy, positively cured by Hagaman's Vitalizer. Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for study, Excessive Indulgence, etc. Every bottle guaranteed. 20,000 sold yearly. Address, enclosing stamp for treatise, J. E. H. DELPHY, Druggist, 48 Yonge st., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

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FOR SALE—Cheap, a good hotel business. Address "Hotel" TIMES office. fe5-tf

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Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

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Society meets at their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
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$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1500—Facing Beacon Hill Park; 2 good lots.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$2100—Fernwood Road; 100x150; 3 lots.

$3000—Simcoe street; 3 lots.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

$10000—Government street; two lots near gas works.

TO LET.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

$25—Niagara street; 8 roomed house.

$27.50—Simcoe street; 10 rooms; two storey.

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$275—Burnside road; two good lots 62ft. 6in. x 113ft.

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$400—Burnside road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$500—Cloverdale Estate; ¼ acre; ¼ cash; balance to suit.

$700—Gorge road; ¼ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

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$6000—Esquimalt road; 4 acres; suitable for subdivision.

$7500—Cordova Bay, near Cedar Hill Park; good soil; 50 acres; beautiful situation.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2200—Green street; 2 storey house; 8 rooms

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$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

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15—Acres, Carey road (chicken ranch); $4500

100—Acres, Esquimalt District; $30 per acre

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500—Acres Westminster District; $10 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

WHAT THE TARIFF IS.

Hon. Oliver Mowat.

What is a tariff? It is a tax—a tax levied by the General Government upon commodities that the laboring man, as well as others, use. It is a tax that takes hold of everything, from the crown of your head to the sole of your feet; that taxes your hat, your coat, your vest, you, breeches, your boots, your shirt, each and every implement which you use in your mechanical mining, fishing, lumbering and agricultural operations. And now to tell me that to take the laboring man and tax him from the top of his head to the soles of his feet, and to tax him on everything that he uses in his trade, and to tax him heavily, is to benefit him, seems to me to be nothing but absurdity.

Napoleon's Head.

Napoleon's head was of peculiar shape but that did not protect him against headache. Sick headache is a common and very disagreeable affection which may be quickly removed, together with its cause, by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the great failing medicine for all kinds of headaches.

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Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

A WORD WITH LABOR.

An effort will be made, no doubt, to make the workingmen believe that protection and high wages go together. If such an attempt is made working men should take good care not to swallow it. Wages, like commodities, are regulated by supply and demand. When labor is scarce wages will be high, it matters not which is in operation, protection or free trade, and when labor is plenty wages will be low regardless of the fiscal policy pursued by a government. Furthermore we know from actual demonstration that protection has proved of no benefit to labor in point of wages. It is a well known fact that labor in the New England States with factory operatives, is lower than in England. It is indeed too notorious to require mention here that throughout the New England and Middle States, wages with all classes of labor have fallen to the lowest possible stage compatible with a bare livelihood. The cause of high wages in the Western and Pacific coast States was owing to the rapid development of these sections. In the rapid building of railways, and in the hurried development of mining and agricultural interests consequent, the demand for labor exceeded the supply. But wages are gradually falling throughout the entire Union. In the Western States, where wages have been good, the influx from the East has been so enormous that the labor market has become overstocked, and wages in consequence have fallen proportionately. It may be said of wages in the States, that if on the whole they are appreciably better that in Europe, it is wholly owing to labor combines, who have given employers the alternative of paying living wages or shutting up shop. Despite protection the labor market in the States is equal to the demand. The falling off of wages to the starvation point has been checked, we repeat, only through the influence of labor organizations. So it will be seen that protection is really of no benefit to labor. The character of wages, as we have just pointed out, is subject to the law of supply and demand. It will be asked, perhaps, what should be the attitude of labor under the circumstances? The attitude of labor under the circumstances should be that of supporting the policy which will assist development and expand trade. If it be apparent, as in the case of British Columbia, that a high tariff specifically tends to restrict development, the interest of labor require that it should support the policy of low tariff. This is a plain proposition. Anybody can understand it who will take the trouble to think for a moment. British Columbia has coal, granite, lumber, fish and iron for sale. On the other hand she has to import all, or very nearly all, she eats, drinks and wears. What then is British Columbia's true policy? It ought to be plain to any person that her true policy is to exchange what she has to sell for what she has to buy. In other words reciprocity is inseparable from the development of her resources. Now in the development of resources what is required? Why, labor of course. Hence it comes about that reciprocity stimulates development, development stimulates or rather increases the demand for labor, and where there is a demand for labor wages are bound to be good. Let labor ponder well the propositions herein laid down. But aside from the benefits reciprocity would undoubtedly bring to labor in this province, why should labor support the party which has consistently endeavored to lower wages by favoring the importation of Chinese? What possible claim for support can the Conservative party of Canada have on labor when they would if they dared deluge the province with cheap labor and that of the worst kind being that of an alien people who have nothing in common with us whether socially, religiously or politically? It is expected of a newspaper strongly supporting its party, that it will magnify the faults and belittle the virtues of its opponents, but the TIMES at this juncture can conscientiously declare that no workingman who has his own interests and those of his posterity in view can consistently support the policy of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.

THE LABOR COUNCIL.

This campaign, besides developing political points of which many of the electorate had only a misty idea is developing public speakers. Modesty of course forbids that Mr. TEMPLEMAN should refer to Mr. TEMPLEMAN a la COTTON, but the TIMES may refer to Mr. MARCHANT and to Mr. HOWARD, the latter the president of the Trades and Labor Council. Of Mr. MARCHANT, however, nothing need be said, inasmuch as at the Victoria last Saturday night the applause which greeted his remarks proclaimed him silvery tongued, and established his reputation as an orator; but with respect to Mr. HOWARD who spoke for the first time last night at Esquimalt, we have an altogether different matter. Mr. HOWARD promises well. Diffident, perhaps, from the effect of the newness of the situation, he nevertheless scored some good points, and, when he shall have secured the confidence that comes from practice will rank along with the best stump speakers. Of the several matters which Mr. HOWARD discussed, he could scarcely have touched on one more appropriate than that which related to the disfranchisement of 600 British subjects by reason of the dilatory and criminal policy of Sir JOHN MACDONALD. The policy of Sir JOHN MACDONALD in respect of the registration of voters peculiarly affects working men. Necessarilly less permanent than persons engaged in business, the law should be that men should be able to register every year if need be. But the policy of Sir JOHN is otherwise, and as a result, as pointed out by Mr. HOWARD, 600 men, largely of the working class, have no voice in the approaching election. Mr. HOWARD's comparison between conditions in the east, where only white labor was employed with the conditions here, where the Chinese were preferred to white labor was opportune; was, in fact, an acceptable variation from the arguments generally employed against Chinese labor. But, it is unnecessary to follow Mr. HOWARD further, as his speech is pretty fully reported. It may be added, however, that the Trades and Labor Council are to be contratulated on having a member who is so well able to support their interests, and that of the public generally, from the platform.

TAX ON RAW MATERIALS.

If the manufacturers of Canada cannot compete with the States, the one great fundamental reason for it is the tax on raw material. In this city we have had an example of how the law operates in the cases of our local establishments for the curing of bacon and the putting up of lard. In the cases of W. W. EVANS and J. BARRON, these men were compelled to suspend business on account of the heavy duty on the raw material, namely, live hogs. Live hogs admitted free, they could have supplied the local market with bacon and lard. The increased duty, however, compelled them to suspend business and now we eat American lard and bacon. And, further, in respect to this taxation of raw material, would it not be better for the Albion Iron Works if they could get their raw material free? Besides, what of the Victoria Flour Mills, who import car load after car load of wheat? Would it not be better for T. B. HALL & Co. if wheat were duty free? In the face of the fact that manufacturers are taxed for the raw material they consume, we are at a loss to understand why they are protectionists. There is no accounting for it except on the score of partisanship. It would be interesting to know the position they would have taken had Sir JOHN declared for unrestricted reciprocity.

THE LAW AGAINST MUTTON AND PORK.

Some doubts have been expressed by parties in this city as to the existence of a law on the statute books which virtually prohibits sheep raising in this province. In the cattle ranges act, section 5, will be found the following:

"No sheep or swine shall be allowed to be pastured on any such common except while being driven from one district to another, and if the owner of any sheep or swine shall depasture or keep the same on such common," (the crown lands) "except as aforesaid, or shall in passing over such common permit the same to remain thereon for a longer period than 24 hours, he shall be liable to a penalty of not more than $50 to be recovered in a summary way before any justice of the peace, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month."

Here is a law which refuses the sheep raiser and the hog raiser the same rights and privileges in respect of crown lands that is granted to cattle men. The party who would raise sheep or hogs must own his land, whereas, the cattle king can range his herds wherever he will. Is it any wonder that British Columbia imports all of its mutton and pork? Is it any wonder that there are no woolen mills in this province? Under these circumstances why should this province be taxed for the mutton and pork they eat? Remove the duty on these articles, and we have no complaint to make against the cattle kings for protecting themselves against sheep and hogs. It is monstrous, though, that these articles should be taxed when the production of the same is virtually prohibited.

TORY REPRESENTATIVES.

In regard to the Independent meeting Saturday night at which, apparently, there were only two of Col. PRIOR's representatives present, Messrs. WILLIS BOND and CAREY, the TIMES remarks more in sorrow than in anger the reticence of the former and the garrulous incoherence of the latter. WILLIS was witless. The overwhelming logic of unrestricted reciprocity was too much for his Toryism. As to the other gentleman, incoherently garrulous, the next time he disturbs a political meeting he should take good care not to come loaded with the extract of Frumenti.

COLONISTIC INCONSISTENCY.

The Colonist, as is invariably the case, when it zealously supports anything, manages to do more harm than good. In its editorial of this morning, under the heading of "Gold or Glitter," we have an instance of this kind. The Colonist in its frantic endeavor to make it appear that protection is the correct thing, is hoist of its own petard. The respect in which the Colonist has erred is this: It unquestioningly endorses protection and yet it declares "that the Americans as a people" (the Americans are high protectionists, mark you) "are not better off than the Canadians as a people." What does this imply? It implies, if it implies anything, that the Americans are suffering from the effects of high protection. Does it not seem to follow as a logical consequence that if farmers and stockmen throughout the States "were no better than serfs of the great cattle firms of Chicago," that there is something radically wrong with protection? Does it not show that protection tends to create monopoly? And if this be the case in the States does not the rule apply to Canada? We submit that it does; and we further submit that monopoly actually exists in Canada. Now the grand object of Canadian Liberals is to do away with this condition of things. They desire to knock serfdom in the head, and as an initial step they propose reciprocity. They are persuaded that if brisk times cannot be had under protection the opposite policy should be adopted. Certainly if the situation under protection is as black as the Colonist paints it, it could be no worse under free trade. We are surprised that the Colonist, endorsing protection for Canada, should lay stress on the hard times in the States, which just now are enjoying high protection, as proof of the soundness of its position. The Colonist is as badly mixed in its ideas as is Col. PRIOR. It was not our intention to enlarge upon the illogical position of the Colonist in this matter, but the more we ponder its sayings the more it appears that the organ of protection has furnished us with just the argument we want. We will, therefore, quote the Colonist verbatim. We cannot afford to let its own admission pass that hard times are prevalent in a highly protected country.

In the East, says the Colonist, the farming population seems to be even worse off than in the West. In New England the farmers are deserting their farms. Thousands have given up in despair the attempt to make a living off the land. Abandoned farms are to be seen everywhere, and improved farms with houses on them are to be had for a song. These are not indications of the prosperity of the common people or of healthy national growth.

Are there not poverty and destitution in the great American cities of whose prosperity we hear so much? Are there not thousands upon thousands in them who work for a mere pittance, not sufficient to keep soul and body together properly? Is there not sweating in New York, and do the miners of Pennsylvania live in comfort? Is there not a host of unemployed men and women in the cities of the States.

Now if the foregoing is not an argument against protection what is? We submit that the Colonist has indited a boomerang. "Protection under the circumstances is immoral. We fail to understand how the the Colonist can advocate protection and paint such a dismal picture of a highly protected country. British Columbians will do well to note that the Colonist is inconsistent with itself.

THE REVENUE OF KOOTENAY.

In another column will be found a table of revenue collections for the years 1888-89-90 for West Kootenay and adjacent districts. It will be observed of West Kootenay that, during these three years the revenue nearly quadrupled on itself. In 1888 the total revenue produced by West Kootenay was $9,019; in 1889, $11,311; and in 1890, $33,774. Nor is this all. The sale of Nelson lots amounts to $8000, and that of other land sales to $5000. But though the increase of revenue for West Kootenay is gratifying, we understand that it will more than double on itself in a short time. Parties qualified to know are of opinion that the revenue for West Kootenay will reach $75,000, and possibly $90,000. This estimate makes it apparent that West Kootenay and adjacent districts are the coming country, will be, in fact, the most populous and the most wealthy of all the interior districts. Promising, however, as the prospects are for Kootenay, definite steps should be taken to assist her development. Now that through her own unaided exertions she is producing a revenue of over $33,000 yearly, with the prospect of doubling on that amount, the least that the Government can do is to appropriate liberally for the building of wagon roads and trails to assist the miners in getting their ores to market, or rather to smelters. Nor should the development of railways be neglected. Every encouragement should be given to the Fort Shepard and Nelson railway. The building of this railway would hasten the development of Kootenay; men would no longer hesitate to undertake the development of the latent resources of the country. Not long ago this paper laid stress on the propriety of the Government extending all possible aid to Kootenay compatible with provincial resources. In the light of the facts presented we can do no less than reiterate our suggestion.

OUR GREAT CHINESE MANUFACTURERS.

TO THE EDITOR:—I am sure the mechanics of China-town will feel grateful to their employers—the manufacturers—for the able manner in which the latter stood up for them in yesterday's Colonist. I scarcely think, however, that the interests of these few tin-pot and dungaree shirt manufacturers, or even the interest of their skilled Chinese workmen will be allowed to dictate the whole trade policy of the Dominion of Canada. I need not say that I was surprised at Messrs Ker and Bullen, as I have repeatedly heard these Conservative gentlemen declare that annexation to the United States would be the best thing could happen this Province, and that if the matter came to a vote they would support it. These men are evidently not honest politicians, or will they not be satisfied with anything less than annexation.

OLD RESIDENT.

THEY'VE BEEN FAILURES.

TO THE EDITOR:—It is earnestly hoped, now that the opportunity is given the people of Victoria, that they will send representatives to Ottawa with a little more courage and backbone than our last members, who, when our food was being taxed, sat dumb and mute, and allowed such an outrage to become law. Fellow electors! just look at the price we pay for our beef and mutton since the increase in the duty. Are we to put up with this without a strong protest? The Dominion Government tacitly acknowledges that it pursued a wrong course in taxing so highly natural products, and at present in the face of an outraged people, seeks to retrace its steps by going to the country and seeking re-election on the basis of "reciprocity in natural products." Messrs. Prior and Earle, however respectable, have been a disappointment. Let Mr. Grant by all means come out, and sweep away some of the cobwebs.

CHARLES MEEKIN

South Kensington, London, Eng., Feby. 6th, 1891.

CONSISTENCY IS A JEWEL.

TO THE EDITOR: I notice that your co temporary published on Sunday morning interviews with several manufacturers who are against reciprocal trade relations with the States. Among the names of those interviewed are Messrs. A. C. Flumerfelt, T. B. Pearson and J. Piercy. These gentlemen are employers *almost exclusively of Chinamen.* Again, Mr. Pendray says in the same breath, "Now we are able to sell our wares with profit over the Sound, as well as in our own Province. If we had unrestricted reciprocity the big soap firms of Chicago would make us shut down." This is inconsistent. Mr. Pendray *admits he can sell in the States at a profit now.* In what way would reciprocity injure his trade? I notice too, that the Colonist has not interviewed any working men on the subject, only those who are greatly interested. Neither have those gentlemen who were forced to close up their pork shops been asked to speak.

CONSISTENT.

SHOULD BE CONSISTENT.

TO THE EDITOR: Your esteemed morning contemporary, in yesterday's issue, gives the gist of an interview, with several manufacturers of this city, and the usual old story of ruin from free trade is trotted out, would it not be as well for some of the manufacturers aforesaid to be a little more consistent in their statements, for instance, I will take Mr. T. B. Hall of the grist mills, statements. He states that he employs twenty-two white men "who would have to walk the plank in event of free trade," well admitting that they would, every head of a family in British Columbia could buy his flour 75 cts. a barrel cheaper, and could subscribe to paying the 22 men $5.00 a day to walk the plank. But why can not Mr. Hall with a market of 4 or 5 millions sell flour as cheaply as the millers of Salem, let him produce 1000 barrels per diem, as he says they do or make room for some one who will. Mr. Flumerfelt says that it would simply shut up his factory. Well, considering that he only employs *Chinamen*, I don't think we could call that an unmitigated evil, and we would try and bear it. But Mr. Pendray out Herods Herod; at present, he can; *he says;* sell his wares at a profit in the United States, notwithstanding that he pays an import duty on a considerable portion of his raw material, and the purchaser of his wares in the United States pays 60 per cent. duty under the McKinley tariff, (see Colonist editorial of yesterday), but under free trade, without a duty either way, he cannot compete with men, whom he can now undersell although handicapped to the extent of not less than 70 per cent.

BYSTANDER.

Stanley Books.

Stanley books are now as common as coughs and colds. To get rid of the latter use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best Canadian cough cure for children or adults. It cures by its soothing, healing and expectorant properties, every form of throat and lung trouble, pulmonary complaints, etc.

Some of the Western Politicians collect the seeds of a plant, powder and stiffen them, and then bake into cakes, which they smear with oleomargarine and eat. In preparing this article of food they use an article known as Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, and is acknowledged to be the best in the world.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

[Continued from page 1.]

its men. But take the utterances of the manager of the Albion Iron Works and they did not say much for the enterprise of the capital backing him up, nor of the skill of the artizans working for him. (Cheers.) The fact was demonstrated here during the last year that the Albion Iron Works can do better and cheaper work than its American competitors. Several ships come here from the other side to be repaired and the very first American port they touched after leaving here they had to pay duty on those repairs. Would it not be a greater inducement to American ship owners to send their ships here for repairs if that duty were removed. (Cheers.) In a similarly telling manner Mr. Marchant dealt with the other points brought up in those "interviews" and after dealing several good blows at the rest of the government policy concluded amid the warm applause of the meeting.

VOX POPULI VOX DEI.

Mr. Howard, President of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council said it had been the intention of the labor element in Victoria to bring out a candidate to represent their own interests, but a glance over the voters' list showed that through the unjust and discreditable conduct of the government, there were in the city more than 600 people disfranchised who ought to have votes. There had been no registration for the last two years, a state of things which Mr. Howard felt was a disgrace even to China (applause). As it was, Mr. Templeman and Mr. Marchant had come forward at the earnest request of a large number of people, who want to see men go to Ottawa who will not sit by and see the interests of the Province ignored. They are the standard-bearers of a noble cause. There is the Chinese question. Mr. Prior says he is in favor of restrictive legislation to a certain extent in this direction, but not so far as to interfere with British Columbia industries that have mainly to be carried on by Chinamen. We hear a great deal about distress in the Eastern Provinces; why should not those people come here and replace the Chinese? (applause.) They are our own flesh and blood, and are nearer and dearer to us. Mr. Prior had set his mind on a drill-shed, and had promised to resign when he did not get what he wanted. Still he is now found in the undignified position of a supporter of that government from which he could not get anything (hear, hear). But we will not send him back (applause). Mr. Howard drew a bright picture of the eastern factories with their cheerful white workers, and contrasted it with the material of disease and dirt, called Chinese, which pours out of our factories after work is done. And whose fault is it that we have to brush shoulders with these people? (a voice—the Gov't). How has Col. Prior distinguished himself at Ottawa? Principally as a supporter of Sir John Macdonald and five o'clock teas—a tea fighter (laughter). He does claim that through his efforts the salary of the postman was raised to the magnificent sum of $35 per month. But an honorable Chinaman would scarcely work for that (laughter and hear, hear). Mr. Earle had done nothing but get conveniently sick when, according to custom, he should have made his maiden speech (laughter). Mr. Howard expressed the utmost confidence in Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, and asked the electors to return them at the head of the poll on March 5th (great applause.)

W. A. Robertson had been on the floor of the same hall four years ago, fighting the same government but then there were four members running against two which, gave the latter an advantage and if this election is run as it should be they will elect their men. With people coming from the east who know the effect of the national policy, the Independents will be returned. When national policy is found to be a detriment to the country nothing should stand in the way of defeating it. It has been tried for twelve years and it needs changing. Before the United States had protection it was prosperous and the young men were contented to stay on their fathers' farms. But what do you find now? The farms are deserted and in the west most of them are mortgaged. The young men and women go to the city as they think they can prosper better there and young men go out of Canada to the same centres. They see new scenes, imbibe in them and go downward. The cause of there being so many criminals in the United States is the present policy by which combines are built up. The millionaires who control the government have made their money by cheating the masses. It has been thrown up to the Independent candidates that they are running with a disloyal party. Now he knew that it was the policy of the Republicans to annex Canada but the Democrats were against it and wanted to annex Mexico, so between them neither country would be annexed. Combines are already being formed in Canada, a fair sample of which was the C. P. R. It is the policy of both parties to build up Canada so this cry of loyalty is nonsense, one party is as loyal as the other. It would be a blind policy to join the United States as that country is already too large and there are too many problems to be solved by the Americans which may yet cause a revolution. There are no party lines in this part of Canada and if either party brings up a good measure the Independents will support it, whereas if it is a bad one they will use their influence against it.

Mr. Blackett was in Nova Scotia when N. P. was inaugurated and he knew what it was. When Nova Scotians had reciprocity with the United States they were a staunch and prosperous people. Now there is not one of those former prosperous merchants who has not failed, the last old firm that was thought to be the staunchest in the country being snowed under a few months ago. He would venture to make the prediction that on the 5th of March the government of Sir John Macdonald will be no more.

After a vote of thanks to the chairman had been passed the meeting adjourned.

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital. Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY AND DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—We respectfully offer ourselves for election as representatives for Victoria city and district in the House of Commons.

We present ourselves as distinctly Independent candidates, pledged to absolute loyalty to the interests of Victoria and of British Columbia. By long delay and shifty excuses the present Government has evaded or put aside the many requirements of this city and province, and this, too, while pledged supporters represented the District. We propose, by an honest Independency to force from an unwilling government those much needed reforms that its friends have admitted they cannot obtain.

Unrestricted Reciprocity, which is only one phase of the trade question, is an important issue in the present contest. We are in favor of the nearest possible approach to free trade with all countries that the necessities of the revenue will permit. We are in favor of the largest measure of reciprocity with the United States that it is possible to obtain with the approval of the Imperial Government. The Home Government has never shown any disposition in late years to thwart the will of the Canadian people, and when the prosperity of our country is at stake, it will not interpose objections to a treaty which would assure the enlargement of our trade to an enormous extent. A reciprocal trade arrangement with the United States would call for increased efforts to obtain other large and important markets for our produce. It would settle the vexed Behring Sea question, the Atlantic Fisheries Question and other disputes between the two nations, for countries allied by commerce would settle their international disputes better than by a tedious diplomacy.

Larger appropriations for public works in the province are manifestly necessary. Money wisely expended in improving the harbor of Victoria, placing beacon lights and buoys in dangerous portions around our coast, the provision of a life-saving station at a suitable point on the west coast, together with substantial inducements to all railway projects that will tend to open up the resources of this province, would receive our cordial support.

We cordially approve the Victoria, Saanich & New Westminster railway, which would provide a much needed want for this city and district, and would urge upon the Goverment to subsidize this important enterprise. And we deprecate the shameful neglect of this city's interest by the Goverument in subsidizing a powerful railway corporation and the new line of steamship from the Orient to Vancouver, without obtaining substantial guarantees for the rapid transit of mails and merchandise from the East and compelling the steamships to call at this port on their outward and inward journeys.

The enlargement of the city and he growth of commerce calls for increased postal and customs facilities, and we would support all reasonable measures in this direction.

The Chinese labor question demands immediate attention. We believe it is necessary to place a higher tax upon imported Chinese labor, and that return certificates should be abolished.

As citizens of Canada—the most important dependency of the Crown—we declare our unswerving loyalty to the flag. We believe that by advocating trade expansion, on the above lines, we are at once loyal to ourselves and loyal to the Great Empire of which we form a part.

We have the honor, to be
Gentlemen,
Yours obediently,
WM. TEMPLEMAN.
WM. MARCHANT.

PASSENGERS

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Tragen Baker, J B Carter, N J Richards and 3 Howland, Mrs J S Orrell, F Van Horlson, J Robinson, W A Douglas, G D Dougherty, M Farley, F Rossiter, F Howard, F Fisher, F Lange, J M Garrey.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—R Powell, W J Campbell, E J Sanderson, A H Brown and wife, E Brought and 1 Turlock, G P Baldwin, H Harold, G H Turner, Mrs Robinson, W Adams, E F Longstreth, N Kneblitz, K Boam, [illegible] Cramer, W Allen, G Hodgins, H Pentman, J Gunn, J Allan, Mrs Gooch, A Roberts, E Townsend, Mrs Shepard, T Rondolph, E M Flesh, G Symington, Wm Bell, S Plowman, P C Dunlevy, A L Piper, D H Jackson, Thos Whitehead, G Kinney, T L Savage and wife, H Robertson, E Booth, A L Hervey, J O Reilly, L B Rothchild, Mrs Clark, E S Johnston.

CONSIGNEES

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—Alpha Iron Works, Langley & Co, H Saunders, D H Ross & Co, Jas Brady, Turner and Munsie, H Gordon, Mrs R K Rutherford, T B Pearson, Turner Beeton and Co, Union Colliery Co, J Issacs, Geo Morrison, E B Marvin & Co, Vale and Beckie, E G Prior and Co, Lenz and Leiser, J Weiler, T McNeely, F C Davidge and Co.

Per S'amer North Pacific from the Sound—E and N Railway Co, J H Shepard, F Labbe, Agent U P Ry.

"Listed," as the brokers say, at "100 Doses One Dollar," Hood's Sarsaparilla is always a fair equivalent for the price.

TOLD OF GREAT MEN.

Curious Incidents Handed Down by Biographers.

The Duke of Wellington's Nap on the Eve of a Fierce Battle—Mozart's Remarkable Precocity—Lord Chesterfield and His Son.

Some of the great Generals whose names are familiar to us had a wonderful power of sleeping for a few moments, even on the battle-field. The Duke of Wellington, just before the attack on St. Sebastian, in Spain, found that the breaching batteries would not be ready to open the attack for two hours.

"The best thing we can do," he said, "is to sleep," and slipping off his horse into a trench he was asleep in an instant.

Napoleon, at the very crisis of the important battle of Wagram, ordered up his reserve, which he never did except in great emergencies. Confident that the movement would be carried out and would insure the victory, he ordered his boar-skin to be spread on the ground and in a moment he was in deep sleep. He slept for twenty minutes and his staff began to be alarmed, but waking he issued further orders without asking any questions, as if he had not slept.

Lord Chesterfield was universally regarded as one of the most polished gentlemen in the English court in the last century. His manners were faultless and the grace of his bearing was inimitable. But he gives a comical account of the first party he attended. He was thoroughly uncomfortable, knowing neither what to do or say. At length, growing desperate and feeling that something must be done, he addressed a beautiful lady near by, and added force to the question by energetically clasping both hands.

"Madam, don't you find it very warm to-night?"

It was not a promising beginning for the man who became the first wit of his age.

Historians always stop to describe the dying of Wolf and Montcalm, the two opposing commanders in the battle of Quebec. But their deaths were simply heroic compared with the Christian death of Stonewall Jackson.

About 1:30 on the day of his death he was told that he had two hours to live, and he answered feebly, but firmly: "Very good; it is all right."

A few moments before he died he cried out in his delirium: "Order A. P. Hill to prepare for action. Pass the infantry to the front rapidly. Tell Major Hawks—" then stopped, leaving the sentence unfinished.

Presently a smile of ineffable sweetness spread itself over his pale face and then he said quietly and with an expression of relief: "Let us cross over the river and rest under the shade of the trees." And then, without pain or the least struggle, his spirit passed.

Probably Mozart was the greatest musical genius the world ever saw, and some of the stories of his precocity seem almost supernatural. At four he could retain in memory the brilliant solos in the concertos which he heard, and his father began half in sport to give him lessons. The musical faculty seems to have been intuitive in him; for in learning to play he learned to compose at the same time, his own nature discovering to him some important secrets in melody, rhythm, symmetry, and the art of setting a bass.

To learn a minuet he required half an hour, for a longer piece an hour, and having once mastered them he played them with perfect neatness and in exact time. His progress was so great that at four years of age, or earlier, he composed little pieces, which his father wrote down for him. Later, "in music he astonished his teacher, not so much by an avidity for information as by the impossibility of telling him any thing that he did not know before. At the age of six Mozart knew the effect of sounds as represented by notes and had overcome the difficulty of composing unaided by an instrument. Having commenced composition with recourse to the clavier, his powers in mental music constantly increased and he soon imagined effects of which the original type existed only in his brain."

The Earl of Chesterfield was called the first gentleman of his age. It was a cardinal point of etiquette with him never to exhibit ill temper in company or be remiss in courtesy to any guest. But he was sometimes sorely tried by the rude and awkward manners of his son, Philip Stanhope, whom he tried in vain to educate to gentlemanly habits.

Philip was a great glutton and could not restrain his appetite even in company. On one occasion, when his father had invited a large number of titled guests, an elegant entertainment was provided. One of the rare dishes was a platter of baked gooseberries, snowed over with rich cream. Philip had been helped bountifully by lady Chesterfield, who knew his weakness. But when a servant was taking out the dish in clearing the table Philip beckoned to him, and taking it in his hand began to lap up greedily the rich cream. Lord Chesterfield was disgusted, but without a change of face or voice to indicate the tempest within said in a calm tone to his servant:

"John, why do you not fetch a strop and razor, you see your master is going to shave himself?"

Philip's greediness was checked for that meal.

Not Dead by a Good Deal.

A negro woman apparently died in Shreveport, La., but when the funeral procession arrived at the cemetery the next day, she rose up in her coffin and wanted to know what was going on. The mourners were terror-stricken and dispersed in a hurry, leaving the woman to take care of herself. She is now as well as ever.

One Hundred Years Late.

A newspaper at Newcastle, Eng., commemorated its centenary by republishing its first issue. During the day a country couple called at the office to answer an advertisement for help on a farm. They were informed that they were one hundred years late.

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN,—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

ere are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man were to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesmen he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to unrestricted reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the over-production of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by begging for reciprocity from the United States, as they have done lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government in Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury, I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence, I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty, and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese labourer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government.

If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilised for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
R. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN,—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as nothing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering. I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give the my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interests of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Pig dupts, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to our coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and a Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BUOYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and buoys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the Port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interests of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS EARLE.
fe10

F. G. Richards,
JUNIOR,
51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

GENUINE SNAPS
— THAT NEED NO —
Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 300 feet water frontage on the Gorge..... $9,500
600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence; two lots; fine corner..... 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner... 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street..... 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each..... 1,900
2 lots; Rithet street; 54x180; each. 925
Lot; Menzie street..... 950
Lot; South Turner..... 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine street, Victoria West; each..... 375
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street..... 3,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government..... 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street..... 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay..... 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay..... 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway; easy terms.....

Money to Loan,
Houses to Rent,
Interest and Rents Collected

O. V YANG NG
Carefully Attended To.

PUT NOT YOUR TRUST
IN PRICES.

They are deceitful above all things, and DESPERATELY CROOKED.

PRICE AND VALUE

are not equivalent, though some people seem to confound the two. We have set our feet down solidly on

THE ROCK OF QUALITY,

and we won't be dared into fighting shadows; for these so called "LOW PRICES" are but shadows, and can't have the substance of QUALITY at their back.

OUR BOAST AND PRIDE IS
QUALITY.

Nothing leaves our store that is not First-Class, and we find First-Class Quality brings First-Class Custom. We shall never lack that, and we want no other.

THE BEST GOODS

are CHEAPEST in the long run, judged by Waste, Wear or Worth. That's what we sell.

Men's, Youth's and Boys' Clothing, &c., &c.

Mechanics' Cash Clothing Store,
55 Johnson Street.

AUCTION SALE.

Myers Addition to Pt. Angeles
— WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION —
AT 74 YATES STREET
— ON —
Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday
FEB. 24, 25 and 26th

Every Evening at 7:30

This Addition is One of the most suitable pieces of Property for residential purposes in Callam Co.

For further particulars apply to
J. MYERS,
Auctioneer,
74 Yates St.
fe23.2t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of John Weiler, prior to January 31st are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of
WEILER BROS.
Victoria, Feb. 20, 1891. fe21-2w

NOTICE.

Messrs. Prior and Earle will address the Electors of Victoria City and District as follows:

Wednesday the 25th inst., Victoria Theatre, at 8 p.m.
Friday, the 27th inst., Esquimalt, at 8 p.m.
Saturday, the 28th inst., Parson's Bridge, at 6 p.m.
Monday, the 2nd, March, Cedar Hill, at 6 p.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y
feb21

STEAMER FOR SALE

The Twin Screw Steamer Cariboo Fly,

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of boats, life boats, bedding, linen, etc.
Length 132ft. 2in.
Beam 22ft. 3in.
281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to
HENRY SAUNDERS,
Johnson street, Victoria.
Nanaimo and Vancouver papers please copy.
fe16-tf

CHAPTER VI.

INTERESTING A CAPITALIST.

The next time Russell called at the house of Gilbert Ray he had the pleasure of making that gentleman's acquaintance. He found the millionaire a bluff, hearty old fellow, whose residence in the metropolis during the past thirty years had made very little change in him. As a boy he had traded horses, and had made some enemies and a good deal of money. His father had taken the money and left him the enemies. These facts in his early history he related to Russell with considerable apparent satisfaction. He remembered

PULLING STICKS.

the time when they had accidentally lunched together, and knew what Russell had eaten, and how much it cost.

"It was a good deal more than you needed, young man," said he, "but perhaps you knew what you were about."

Russell ventured to hope that he did.

"A reputation for wealth is a good thing," said Ray. "A young man gets it by spending much more than he can afford and an old man by spending less. Every time some of those fellows down there see me eating apple pie for lunch they add half a million to their estimate of what I'm worth, but it wouldn't have done thirty years ago when I was making my start. By the way, come down to lunch with me to-morrow. I'll agree to feed you on something better than pie and milk."

Russell accepted the invitation, and entered Ray's office with an exact regard for the specified hour worthy of Monte Christo. They lunched in a style of gilded magnificence; and afterwards returned to Ray's office together. Here Russell sat down by request, and Ray drew a chair in front of him.

"Young man," said he with painful directness, "what's your business?"

To Russell this question was not wholly a surprise, though he had not had time to fully prepare for it. His reply, however, was founded upon certain information which he had obtained by judicious inquiry concerning the peculiarities of the man before him.

"I am engaged in the development of an invention," said he.

"Your own?"

"No, sir; by a careful study of history I have discovered that there is a great deal more money in not being the inventor. Moreover, a man is always prejudiced in regard to his own invention, and therefore blinded to the necessities of its development. He can not criticize calmly, nor can he describe the merits of the idea with convincing coolness."

"You're dead right," said Ray, impressively.

"I shall not, however, interest myself in an invention of whose merits I was incompetent to judge," continued Russell. "In this case the subject is familiar to me. I made a special study of electricity in college, and have read every thing I could get hold of since. I therefore investigate as an expert when that great and mysterious force is involved."

"It is a great thing," said Ray; "we're only beginning to find out what it can do."

That this was a hobby of Ray's was one thing which Russell had learned. He also knew that the millionaire's confidence in electricity was of recent birth, and had not yet been backed by any investment.

"Of course capital will be necessary to put the invention of which I speak upon the market," Russell said.

There was a shrewd twinkle in Ray's eye. So this young fellow was trying to "work" him, was he?

"I suppose you're looking for a millionaire to go into it with you?"

"No, sir, I am not," replied Russell, firmly. "A millionaire, a man whose fortune is made, is not the right sort of a person for this affair. The money needed is not a great sum, but I want with it a man of energy and determination. I should prefer a young man with the future all before him, who would work side by side with me and share all my hopes to the full."

"So you think that nobody but a young man can put a thing like that through, do you? Well, you're mistaken. Some of us old fellows have more energy than you young ones."

"There are undoubtedly instances of that kind," said Russell, "and yet I must adhere to my original opinion. I am not in a hurry to find the proper man to join with me in this undertaking. I have funds sufficient for my support"—adding in the seclusion of his own soul—"till day after to-morrow."

"You make a mistake in waiting," said Ray. "Push her through; get her on the market."

Russell shook his head.

"There is a young man who may soon be able to join me," said he. "At present he has not the funds, but he has expectations and a world of energy. Young blood—"

"Bother young blood. Do you think because a man is fifty or over that he isn't good for any thing? Why, look here, I'm fifty-eight, and three inches shorter than you are, but I'll bet I can split a cord of wood while you're splitting a foot."

Russell smiled incredulously and squared his broad shoulders. Ray got red in the face. He was a vigorous man, and he hated to be called old. Russell knew it, and banked on it.

"You don't ask me to get into this scheme of yours," said Ray, after walking up and down the floor with the step of a pedestrian.

Russell pretended to be embarrassed.

"You would not feel like giving much time to it," said he, "and besides the young man of whom I have spoken will soon—"

"I'm as young as he is, by jingo," cried the man of dollars, slapping his chest. "I could outrun him, outjump him and throw him three times out of five, breeches hold, or you either."

Russell smiled again, and Ray reached for his cane. The situation was beginning to look serious. It was not the old man's intention to use the cane as a weapon, however.

"See here, young Mr. William Russell," said he, "there was a game we used to play where I was born that was called 'pulling sticks.' Two fellows sat down on the floor, braced their feet together and pulled on an axe handle until somebody had to come up. Now, I'll bet you fifty dollars I can pull you up inside of one minute."

"I don't think you can, sir," said Russell, respectfully; "but, at any rate, I haven't the fifty dollars to wager on it."

"I'll take your I. O. U.," cried Ray, dropping on the floor with a thump that threatened the tenants below. "Sit down here, and I'll give you a few lessons in the value of a well-spent youth."

Russell sat down and seized the cane, and the strange tug-of-war began. It was a painful thought to Russell that a good many thousand dollars were lost by holding these athletic sports in private. Doubtless five hundred men in the street would have given fifty dollars for admission to the performance. There was a big clock with a second hand on the wall, and the contestants timed themselves. Neither gained a half's breadth in the first quarter, nor in the second, nor the third, nor the fourth, but exactly sixty-five seconds after the tug began Russell rose into the air, soared over his opponent's head and struck the wall behind him.

"Great Scott!" exclaimed Ray, as soon as he could get his breath. "I never did the trick as well as that before. Old, am I? Are any of your bones broken?"

"I believe not," said Russell, pretending to examine his skull in search of a fracture; "but it was the greatest surprise I ever had. I have lost my bet."

"No, you haven't," replied the man who had not grown old. "I'll be honest with you. I was five seconds over time. The fifty dollars are yours. You see I was a little out of practice, but I got there after awhile."

"So I perceive;" and Russell rubbed his head with one hand, and took a fifty dollar bill with the other.

"Now," said Ray, "if you think I'm youngenough to take a hand in your scheme, let me know. I'm willing to put in one hundred thousand dollars, or twice that if necessary; and as for attention, young man, just watch me. Bring down your papers and your model to-morrow, and I'm with you."

This was a little sudden for Russell. It was needless to say that he had no invention to offer. It had been his intention to discover what kind of an invention Ray would be willing to back, and then find a long-haired crank who thought he had it.

"I must have a little more time, sir;" he said. "There are matters to be arranged. Let us say next Friday."

"All right, and don't stop for a matter of money. I've always got enough to put into a good thing."

"But my dear sir," said Russell, "you don't know what this is, yet."

"I don't care a continental what it is;" replied the millionaire promptly. "If it's a good thing we'll get our money out of the machine. If it isn't, we'll have to get it out of the stock. It's immaterial to me which we do. Bring it along!"

[Continued on page 3.]

Knights of Labor.

The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc., Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast.

Tourist's Spoons.

Very neat souveniers of Victoria for tourists are being manufactured by A. A. Clayton of the Diamond Palace, Government street. They are known as "tourists spoons." Each spoon has etched into its bowl the word "Victoria, B. C." while on the handle is engraved the coat of arms of the province. As mementoes of a visit to this city the articles will be of much attractiveness. It is also the intention of the maker to turn out smaller spoons, with the same engraving, but fitted as pins, this being a fad of the fashionable just now.

In a State of Siege.

Although in a state of siege we still live. Having completed a crossing at our door, we are now prepared to see our customers who may rest assured that our lines of pastry are second to none in this city. All the delicacies of the season. Meals at all hours and polite attention guaranteed at Steitz's Restaurant, 84 Yates street.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

A choice lot of butter just received. Two pound fresh roll butter, one pound fresh Island butter pats. Also the choicest creamery Eastern Townships butter coming to this coast. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. Telephone 128.

Go to Myers at 74 Yates and find out particulars about his addition.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

RODGERS'

NONE GENUINE UNLESS BEARING THE ✠ REGISTERED TRADE MARK GRANTED 1764.

CUTLERY

JAMES HUTTON & CO., AGENTS FOR CANADA, MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

1A

OAK TANNED "EXTRA" BRAND.

BELTING

ESTABLISHED 1855. MONTREAL & TORONTO, THE J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO.

CAPE ULSTERS

And Overcoats

—IN—

Men's, Youths' Boys' and Children's

The Largest and Finest Assortment in the city. Every Coat a Bargain.

W. J. JEFFREE

40 YATES STREET.

For PERFECT VISION

—USE—

"B. LAURANCE" SPECTACLES

A complete assortment of these goods now on hand at

John Teague, Jr.'s, 57 Yates St.

We charge no fancy prices, and guarantee a glass accurately adjusted to any sight.

Nov25 1m

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C

jun8-1y

Electric Bells

ALL DESIGNS ADDRESS R. B. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVE.

CENTRAL BOOK STORE,

ALL THE LATEST BOOKS.

Books and Stationery

AND ALL THE NEWEST NOVELTIES.

COMPLETE LINES OF PAPER.

45 GOVERNMENT ST. J. R. KERR.

Coal New Wellington Coal. T. J. LINDSAY, 124 Government street, TELEPHONE 708 Wood

STEAMBOATS.

FOR THE NORTH.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

"DANUBE,"

(CAPT. WALBRAN),

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF, FOR

Port Simpson and Way Ports

—ON—

Wednesday, February 25th

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserve the right to change this notice at any time without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

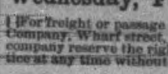
fe19-tf

C. P. N. CO., LD.

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

Steamer



MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS.

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF ON

TUESDAY, FEB. 24rd, AT 6 P. M.

The company reserves the right of changing this notice without notification.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

fe20td

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 1 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 1 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13,

Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Latner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Isabelow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a. m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - Feb. 28th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday Mar. 10th.

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Mar. 24, 1891, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer ALAMEDA .....THURSDAY, Mar. 5, 1891 3 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

nov28

Bargains in Clothing

AND

Underclothing.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Trunks and Valises, and Hats are selling 30 per cent. below the usual price.

For sale or to let the well known stand with fixtures situated at 41 Yates street.

LEWIS LEWIS.

e24-3m

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency.

Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.
	Ar.	Ar.			Dp.	Dp.	
COING SOUTH. HEAD UP.	12.30 P.M.	5.05 P.M.		VICTORIA	8.00 A.M.	2.30 P.M.	
	12.36	5.11		HUSELLS	7.54	2.24	
	12.50	5.24		ESQUIMALT	7.41	2.11	
	12.56	5.30		GOLDSTREAM	7.35	2.05	
	1.14 A.M.	5.49		COBBLEHILL	7.17	1.47	
	10.50	6.24		CHEMAINUS LAKE	6.37	1.11	
	10.47	6.20		MOUNTPRIDEAUX	6.40	1.08	
	10.37	6.10		KOKSILAH	6.50	1.00	
	10.23	5.56		DUNCANS	7.04	12.46	
	9.00	5.33		SOMENOS	7.27	12.23	
	8.45	5.18		CHEMAINUS	7.42	12.08	
	Lv.	Lv.		NANAIMO	Ar.	Lv.	
	8.40	5.15		NANAIMO	Lv.	12.05	
COING NORTH. HEAD DOWN.	8.00 A.M.	2.30 P.M.		NANAIMO	7.45	12.00	
	8.41	2.34	1	WELLINGTON	7.04	11.19	6
	8.51	2.44	3		6.54	11.09	8
	8.57	2.50	4		6.48	11.03	9
	9.03	2.56	5		6.42	10.57	11
	9.13	3.06	7		6.32	10.47	14
	9.23	3.16	9		6.22	10.37	17
	9.30	3.23	10		6.15	10.30	19
	11.00	4.53	21		4.45	8.40	38
	11.10	5.03	23		4.35	8.30	40
	Ar.	Ar.			Dp.	Dp.	

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passg. Agent.

oct1

TAKE THE BEST

TOURISTS FAVORITE LINE

Canadian Pacific Ry.

Through fast trains leave Vancouver daily for all points east and south; $5 to $10 lower than other lines.

Excursion tickets available for six months

AT REDUCED RATES

To New York, Boston, Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and other points with choice of routes.

MERCHANTS

Will find it to their advantage to have all freight routed via this line.

For Maps, Rates, Sleeping Car Accommodation, apply in person or by letter to

A. CAMERON, Fgt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver mh10

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES.—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or

G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

jm7

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

A GOOD WORK PROGRESSING.

Annual Report of the Provincial W. C. T. U. —Refuge Home—Encouraging Results.

The following well written report of the Provincial W.C.T.U., kindly contributed by one of the ladies' committee, was, through pressure of other matter, crowded out of last evening's issue. The report proves to show that the work of this institution and the good accomplished through God's blessing by the ladies who have undertaken to help reclaim those unfortunate ones whose lives have been blighted, whose hopes have been crushed, and whose self respect lost through either a mis-step in a moment of weakness or by years spent in a sinful life, must be gratifying to all interested in the work. Since a report of this home was last presented to the public twenty-two friendless ones have been sheltered from the temptations which surround such women and have been placed under Christian influence.

During the past few months the committee of management found that the work had attained such importance that it necessitated the employment of a second matron and they have been fortunate in securing a most thoroughly capable and Christian woman in Mrs. McMillan, of Ontario, to assist Mrs. Dr. Siddall who has been in charge of the home for the past eighteen months. In order to afford employment to the inmates a sewing department has been established where orders for ladies and children clothing are constantly being filled and it is hoped that not only will this prove a source of income to the home and afford suitable occupation to the inmates, but at the same time create in their minds a desire to earn for themselves an honest livelihood.

In consideration of the many cases which have been brought to the notice of the committee it has been found necessary to open a maternity ward in connection with the home as the ladies felt that to turn away young women who were without friends or money was only to send them to those who would lead them further into sin and probably to a life of shame. By opening this ward and caring for such as needed it the ladies have hoped to save some who although they have sinned have not become hardened in sin. A regular weekly prayer meeting has been conducted on Wednesday evening also a Bible class on Sunday afternoon to such of which services any ladies who are interested in the work will be made welcome at any time.

The Matron has, as often as was found practicable, in addition to her other duties, visited houses of ill-fame in the city, read the scriptures and prayed with women and girls, and left with them the following card which the committee had provided for this work:

Any mother's girl wishing to escape from a sinful life may find friends, food, shelter, and a helping hand to a better life by coming just as she is, at any time, to the Refuge Home, No. 108, Cormorant street, Victoria, B. C.

The Mission is not in any sense a prison. Inmates wishing to leave may do so at any time. Gospel service of song every Wednesday night, commencing at 8 o'clock. Come and welcome.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

These cards having suitable texts of scripture on the reverse side, have been left at these houses, and we trust will be used by God as a silent messenger to touch the heart of some mother's girl when a deaf ear might be turned to that of the human voice.

The Home has found many friends, and donations are received monthly from kind hearts and hands who are anxious to help the work on, and share a part in saving those for whom God gave His only begotten Son.

The following is the treasurer's report:

DR. 1889-90.	CASH.
To cash on hand	$ 114 25
" " W.C.T.U., returned	7 00
" " from Vancouver	20 00
" " from New Westminster	102 00
" " from Kamloops	5 00
" " from Chilliwhack	36 00
" " from Victoria	413 09
" " for work done in Home	16 25
" " for board and care	68 00
" " for flower festival	43 55
" " government grant	500 00
Total	$1,414 04

1889-90.	CR.
By debt on furnishing and repairing	$ 489 75
" E. M. Johnson $11.50, Mr. Hall $3 (loan)	14 50
" interest on mortgage	105 00
" water tax	12 00
" milk, grocer and butcher	233 63
" fuel	51 75
" Undertaker $20, nurse $10	30 00
" salary of matron	312 50
" drugs, printing and sundries	27 50
" Cash in treasurer's hands $25.40, in Bank of B. C., $92.01	117 11
Total	$1,414 04

E. R. MCGREGOR, Treasurer.
SARAH HAYWARD, Auditor.

It might also be well to state that donations of furniture, fuel, clothing, etc., are all acceptible. A sewing machine is very much needed at the present time, and would be gratefully received.

Cold School Rooms.

Some of the teachers at the public school had to dismiss their classes yesterday morning, the rooms being so cold that the scholars could neither write nor study. A great many complaints are heard from the children about the cold, the new heating apparatus not being as successful as it should be.

More Highbinderism.

A couple of Chinamen who speak English fairly well have been lately playing the extortion game among a certain class of females in Chinatown. Claiming to be authorized by the chief of police, they go to those unfortunates and say that if they will each pay twenty-five dollars, they will be exempted from arrest. Knowing that a fine would be somewhat more than double the amount, some who had more money than wits promptly though sorrowfully paid. Others who had no money and no little wits trembled in their boots—or rather China shoes—over what the consequences might be. Tenderly nurtured up, two Chee Kung Tong notables named Lee Kin Cuung and Chow Kow Chew and some five or six others, were sent to one of the hilrest of these dangers—the notep Ling Isai of Chinatown fame—for the purpose of emphasizing the demand. A Celestial friend of hers who had a slight knowledge of English managed to make the circumstances known to Sergeant Walker, it is said, and now that energetic officer is after the scalp of one of the above named highbinders.

Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., is chairman, and Mr. Thos. Deasy secretary of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant,s general committee. You'll find the rooms at 106 Yates street, next the Clarence.

A Cure for Toothache.

Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Tooth ache Gum, prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto. Price 15 cents. oc19eod6m

For Sale.

A lot with a small house, a stable and large shed built upon it, will be sold for $1000. A workingman could not wish a better chance to secure a home for himself. Terms can be made. D. W. Morrow & Co.

A Check Swindler.

A party giving the name E. A. Johnson swindled a Port Townsend man out of $100 by a valueless check, drawn on the Griffith banking house of Seattle. Johnson claims to represent the Puget Sound Publishing Co., and is believed to be in this city. A warrant for his arrest has been issued.

The Germs.

A highly appreciative and instructive lecture on the germs was delivered in the Gorge road church last evening by Dr. E. Hall. He explained by diagram and microscope the causes of disease. There was a large attendance of young folk, who took a great interest in the doctor's remarks.

Beautiful Mail Service.

A gentleman in this city received a reply last night to a letter he sent to Seattle on the 12th inst., which stated that the said letter had not been received until the 19th, thus taking seven days from Victoria to Seattle. As the nature of the communication was such as to need prompt delivery, considerable annoyance was caused by the delay.

Col. Sellers and the Volunteer.

"Col. Sellers" held the boards at the Victoria theatre last evening, and although the audience was not large, it was a thoroughly pleased one. Mr. Ulmer was perfectly at home in the leading role and the honors were equally shared by Miss Cora Van Tassel. Mr. Ulmer took advantage of the opportunity offered by the play to bring in local hits which are always acceptable. To-night the company appear in "Volunteer."

Editorial Evidence.

Gentlemen,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it.

WM. PEMBERTON, Editor Delhi Reporter.

They Have Him Spotted.

Passers-by on Government street this morning had their attention drawn to a lot of Chinamen, who, by clambering over the roofs of a lot of shanties, were attempting to get away from something not visible. One of them, in his hurry to get over a high railing, was caught by one of the pickets and hung head down for some time. The cause of all this excitement was found to be that Sergt. Walker was taking a quiet walk along the street, and the Chinamen, who were engaged in a game of fan-tan, had been advised of his presence in the locality.

Concert at Victoria West.

To-night's concert at Victoria West will be one of exceptional merit. It is under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church choir, with Mr. Brown as conductor and Miss Stephen as pianist. All the arrangements have been completed. Cars will leave the power house, Rock Bay, at 7 and 7:30 p.m., and those desiring to have good seats, and hear the whole programme, would do well to be in their places before 8 o'clock, as the concert will start sharp on time in order to let those attending return to the city with the car from Esquimalt, passing the junction of Craigflower and Esquimalt roads at 9:45. The programme is a first-class one in every particular, and a full house is assured.

"The Jersey Lily."

Is what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

ANGLESEA COTTAGE, L.B., July 2

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
LILLIE LANGTRY.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.
D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Aliens as Land Owners.

"Mechanic" writes to the TIMES to ascertain "the law regarding aliens owning property in Canada and the United States." The TIMES cannot give the law *verbatim et literatim*, but it can say this much: There is no law prohibiting the owning of property of whatsoever sort in British Columbia. Anybody can own land in British Columbia who is able to pay the price demanded, and in proof whereof, "Mechanic" need only inquire of real estate dealers who will tell him, probably, that the Chinese within the last six months have purchased in Victoria and vicinity approximately 1000 acres. The law in the United States is, that no alien can own land. The object of this law is to defeat the possibility of the land of the United States falling into the hands of parties who hold views inimical to American institutions. The law, however, is winked at, at least so far as heard from there is no case of an alien forfeiting any purchase of land that he might have made.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and other valuable vegetable remedies, every ingredient being strictly pure, and the best of its kind it is possible to buy.

It is prepared by thoroughly competent pharmacists, in the most careful manner, by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process, giving to it curative power

Peculiar To Itself

It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Cancerous and all other Humors, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all difficulties with the Liver and Kidneys.

It overcomes That Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite, and gives mental, nerve, bodily, and digestive strength. The value of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is certified to by thousands of voluntary witnesses all over the country whom it has cured of diseases more or less severe. It is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE

TWO NIGHTS

Monday & Tuesday Feb. 23, 24.

Special engagement of the celebrated and latest eastern success

"THE VOLUNTEER"

A military drama of thrilling interest founded on facts of the late rebellion.

A Carload of Scenery is carried

A real genuine balloon is used on the stage in the grand transformation scene.

The most realistic play ever produced.

USUAL PRICES

Sale of seats begins Friday morning at Watts' bookstore. fe19-td

GRAND CONCERT

— BY THE —

Choir of the First Presbyterian Church

In aid of Victoria West Presbyterian mission, under direction of Mr. J. G. Brown, assisted by leading local talent, vocal and instrumental

— IN THE —

VICTORIA WEST HALL,

— ON —

Tuesday Evening, 24th Instant,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Admission 50c. Street cars to and from Church. fe18-td

Ye Olde Folks Concert

WILL OPEN THE

VICTORIA LYCEUM

WEDNESDAY EV'G FEB. 25.

Under the leadership of Mr. A. J. Clyde. Among those who have kindly consented to take part are Mrs. Clyde, Mrs. Spofford, Mrs. Bailey, Miss O'Neill, Miss Beeton, Miss Powell, Miss Leigh, Miss Humber, Miss Berridge, Miss Miss Jamison and Miss Dunnington, Mr. Webber, Mr. Barham, Mr. Mann, Mr. Tomlin, Mr. McClure, Mr. Russell and the Victoria Glee Club.

Ye syngers will be in time by vill of ye clocke. All in ye olden tyme dresses. Admission 50c. Tickets on sale at Lombard & Co.'s 71 Government street. fe18-td

A CUP OF GOOD COFFEE

— BOILING HOT —

Is Just the thing for this weather.

A good square dinner for 25c. is still better at the ELITE.

fe21-tf G. AMORSEN.

COME AND SEE

THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced, as this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have

Respectfully Yours,

"ROKUBAN,"

NEW JAPANESE STORE,

150 Government street near Johnson.

no18-1m

LAND NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Und[illegible] of Suburban Lot No. [illegible] and Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xlv and xxxvii, and Section [illegible] and lxii Esquimalt Dis-

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas A[illegible] on the 8th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by a person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.

C. J. LUGRATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 8th Jan., 1891. Jan. 8-3m.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

LLOYD & LLOYD L.&L.

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

mar19 Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

A. W. MORE & CO., INSURANCE AND EXCHANGE BROKERS REAL ESTATE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We buy and sell drafts on all the principal cities of **Canada, Europe** and the **United States**, at the Most Favorable Rates. We also buy and sell **Stocks and Shares.**

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We offer the following bargains to investors in real estate:—

2 Lots, Oak Bay avenue	$400 and $450	Corner Lot, Douglas street	14,000	Lot on Dallas road	1,600
2 Lots, Belcher avenue, each	$450	1 House, North Chatham street	3,000	Corner Lot between Douglas and Govt.	11,000
4 Houses, James Bay, each	1,900	House and Stables, etc., 1 1-10 acres, do	5,500	We have also a choice list of property for sale in ABERDEEN, the most active and prosperous city on Gray's Harbor; and in South Bend, on Willapa Harbor, the Pacific Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway.	
1 House, James Bay	3,750	Lots, Burnside road, each	325		
1 House, "	2,650	Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, per acre	300		
2 Lots, Beacon Hill, each	1,000	Acreage, Spanish road	$800 to $1,500		
17½ Acres, Fowl Bay road, per ½ acre	400	5½ Acres, cleared, Esquimalt road	7,000		
3 Lots in Anacortes, each	300	2 Lots in Port Townsend, each	400		

Money to Loan on Mortgage; City Agents for the Caledonian Insurance Co.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng.; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo. fe11-0m

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

is the Purest and Quickest Washing Powder known. Ask your Grocer for it.

ONE POUND PACKAGE 20 CTS., OR 3 FOR 50 CTS.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

MUNICIPAL.

Dogs at Large.

The public are requested to take notice that all dogs found at large within the city limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year, will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Jan28-1m

MUNICIPAL.

PERSONS sending in communications to the City Council in future, are hereby requested to take notice that such communications should be sent in to the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock on Tuesday of each week, otherwise they may not be considered by the Council at its regular meeting on the Wednesday evening following.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891. 129 C.M.C.

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally located, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, warmed with hot air, very easy to enter and leave; comfortable seats may be provided for about 600 persons; now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to

fe10-1m A. DECOSMOS.

MUNICIPAL.

THE By-Laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, complete to date, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned upon the payment of $2 per copy.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C

City Clerk's office, Jan 29, 1891

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

Do You Want to Buy a Farm?

We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.

Do You Want to Sell a Farm?

Write or call on T. G. Rayner, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.

Do You Want a Building Site?

Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never [illegible] in property that decreases in value. No L[illegible]tery. No Wild-cat Speculation. All Genuine Business.

T. G. RAYNER.

Real Estate Broker, Fire and Life Insurance, Notary Public.

BANK BUILDING, TROUNCE AVE.

fe12

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.

Victoria, Dec 11, 1890. de12-tf

TO THE PUBLIC

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My health having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring on your wagons, carriages and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Stonecutters and Quarrymen

We have the largest tools in the Province. Tools also for hire.

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

WM. POWELL.

BARGAINS IN LOTS TO SUIT EVERY ONE

ON THE ESQUIMALT ROAD CAR LINE.

Cleared Lots, Timbered Lots, Rocky Lots, Water Lots

Prices from $300 to $1,000—Terms ¼ Cash; balance in 2 years.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 24 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B.C., Feb. 24, 1891.

	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
23				
1 p.m	31.0	29.0	N	Cloudy
6 p.m	31.0	29.6	N by E	"
10 p.m	29.0	29.18		Overcast
24				
6 a.m	31.6	29.28	N by E	Cloudy
1 p.m	35.0	29.55	"	"

Temperature—Highest, 35; lowest, 29.

CARLOTTA G. COX

Is the Name of a New Sealing Schooner Launched To-day.

On the 14th of last December, just seventy-two days ago, Mr. Warner commenced work on a sealing schooner built to the order of Capt. John G. Cox and others. To-day she was launched, and as she slid into the water, named the Carlotta G. Cox, by Capt. Cox's youngest daughter, whose name the new boat will bear.

The finished schooner is in every respect a beauty. First-class work and first-class materials have together made a good job, and the schooner Carlotta G. Cox is as pretty and graceful a vessel as her godmother is a young lady. With the name she bears the new schooner should have lots of good luck, and no doubt her owners will be well repaid for their investment.

The new schooner is about 75 tons register, is copper fastened, all tree-nails locust. She is of a splendid model, both for speed and sea worthiness, and although built in a remarkably short space of time is a credit to the Star Yard. Her masts will be put in in a few days.

Special Notice.

Ladies are invited to inspect the latest novelties in black and colored jackets just received. Also a few elegant wraps and ulsters suitable for the present and spring seasons, including the 42nd Lorne and Fife tartans. All marked at low prices to insure a clearance.

BROWN & WHITE. 1m.

Independent meeting in Victoria West Hall on Friday evening. Chair taken at eight o'clock.

A New Chance For Investors.

Myers' addition to Port Angeles is the latest opportunity offered for investors. It is understood that Myers, the auctioneer, at 74 Yates street, has some very choice chances for speculation and any inquires of him will receive courteous and prompt answers.

A Canadian View.

In the Paternoster Review for February is an article entitled a Canadian View of the Behring Sea Question. The article has been written by a gentleman high in official circles who paid a visit to Victoria some time back, and in a clear and forcible manner defines Canada's position regarding the much vexed Behring Sea matter. The writer, who does not disclose his identity on his article, has taken a very fair stand, and by the aid of a map explained lucidly why the claims of the Victorian sealers should be recognized.

Odd Fellowship.

Loyal Pride of the West Lodge, Canadian Order Odd Fellows, Manchester Unity, was most successfully inaugurated in Victoria West last evening. Dr. Wade, P.N.G.; W. F. Fullerton, N. G.; Mr. Firth, V.G.; J. G. Burrows and other members of Waverley Lodge, Victoria, assisted D.D.G.M. Wm. E. Ottaway (formerly of Queen Victoria Lodge, Ingersoll, Ont.) in the initiatory ceremony. Light refreshments were provided by Bros. Fullerton and Smith of Waverly for their newly instituted brother lodge. The requisition was signed by 32 candidates. Following are the executive officers:—W. E. Ottaway, N.G.; T. Baker, V.G.; A. W. Semple, sec.; A. B. Oldersław, treas. The next meeting will be held at Victoria West on the 13th prox.

Their First Concert.

Last night's concert in the school room of the Pandora street Methodist church, given by the members of the Epworth league was a grand success and many wishes were expressed that the association will see its way clear to hold several more like it. Rev. C. Watson occupied the chair and Misses Stafford and Spencer opened the first part of the programme with a duett "Star Rays" which was played very sweetly. Misses Beeton and Dunnington and Mr. J. Boyd recited and Misses Jameson, Humber and Durham and Messrs. J. G. Brown, Grant and H. Kent sang in their usual manner all contributing their share to the splendid programme. Mrs. L. Hall and Miss Leigh also took part and it can truly be said that the first concert held by the Epworth league was well worth attending. The funds will go towards building the proposed school room in James Bay.

Committee Meeting.

The friends of the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, are requested to meet at the committee room, Mr. Barron's building, Yates street, at 8 o'clock to-night. The members of the committees are requested to be present, in order that the necessary arrangements for the day of polling may be perfected.

Silverware.

During the Christmas holidays Pennock & Kingham had such a great sale of silverware, that they completely sold out. To fill the demand they have just received a large consignment, consisting of a full set of fish eaters, with carving and fish sets to match; candelabras, champagne areators, biscuit jars, tete-a-tetes, and several other choice articles too numerous to mention.

Police Notes.

Two drunks took the principal part in the proceedings at the police court this morning. The other case up was one wherein a former restaurant keeper was charged with selling liquor without a license. The case was remanded until tomorrow.

A little row that occurred between the 1st and 2nd mates of the steamer West Indian caused the latter to be incarcerated in the lock-up last evening, but he was discharged, no one appearing against him.

A Glowing Description.

Blackwood's Magazine for Feburary contains a very well written article on Vancouver Island, by Capt. Andrew Haggard, who was in Victoria some months ago. The title of the article is rather Yankeefied, but it is a fine description of a trip from Montreal to Victoria, and ends with a glowing account of the latter place which should ensure for Captain Haggard the warm friendship of every Victorian. No doubt the gallant soldier's description of this favored spot will be the means of turning the attention of many tourists this way.

A Forger Arrested.

A man named Thomas Wilson was arrested by Constable O'Connel of Nanaimo at Chemainus on a charge of forging a cheque on the Bank of B. C. Wilson presented the cheque to Mr. Fox, a bartender, which was made out in the name of A. Haslam, for the sum of $50. He succeeded in obtaining $20. for the cheque, and after he had left the house Fox became suspicious and presented it to the Nanaimo bank. From here it was forwarded to Victoria where the prisoner said the account was opened by Haslam, but here the cheque was dishonored. Fox gave information to the police with the result which led to the prisoners arrest.

ANNIVERSARIES.

Important Events Which Transpired On This Day—A Historical Reminder.

FEBRUARY. 24th.

Born—Handel, 1684.
Died—Robert Fulton, 1815.
John Keats, 1821.
Matt. H. Carpenter, 1881.
W. W. Corcoran, 1888.
Impeachment of President Johnson ordered, 1868.
Battle of Pavia, 1525.
Chicago selected as site for World's Fair, 1890.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Thistle sails for a sealing cruise to-morrow morning.

The ship Elizabeth, Capt. Colcord, from New York, was totally wrecked, and the captain and seventeen men drowned near 'Frisco on Sunday night.

News has been received here of the wreck of the British bark Deanfield, and the loss of all hands. Capt. Irvine, her commander, was a brother-in-law of Mr. S. J. Pitts of this city.

The marine department have decided to erect a beacon on Goose Spit at the entrance to Comox harbor. This will be highly appreciated by navigators visiting the rising settlement of Comox.

New ventilators for H.M.S. Melpomene have been built by Ald. J. Robertson. The job is a good one, and although difficult to fashion, the cowls have been made in a first-class manner.

The small steamer Millie of Vancouver, which was reported to have been sunk in 30 fathoms of water, has been raised, and is now in Vancouver harbor. It was found she was only in three feet of water where she sank.

Appeal for Help.

His Worship Mayor Grant has received a telegram from Mayor Wm. Hall of Halifax appealing for help for those left by the victims of the Spring Hill mine disaster. It will come up before the council to-morrow evening when undoubtedly something will be done.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NASAL BALM

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as head-ache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be cured in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

NEVER FAILS CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. 025-tf

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods

Received per S.S. Parthia.

Bamboo Tables and Stools, Baskets, Table Mats, Large Variety of Tea Sets, Trays, etc.

Good Selection of Bulbs of large Flowering Lilies.

Full Lines of our Usual Curios, Silk Goods, etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO

30 FORT STREET VICTORIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described timber land in Renfrew District:—Commencing at a post about ¼ of a mile west of Point No Point; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south about 60 chains to the beach; thence easterly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, 16th Feb, 1891. fe24-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following pieces of land, situated in Renfrew District, described as follows:—

No. 1. Commencing at a post on the western line of the E. & N. Railway lands; thence west 50 chains; thence south 60 chains, more or less, to the beach; thence easterly 50 chains; thence north 60 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

No. 2. Commencing at a post on the beach about 30 chains west of Coal Creek; thence north 120 chains; thence west 100 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 100 chains to the western boundary line; all for timber.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, Feb. 16, 1891. fe24-1m

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year. Special Inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries. Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monishee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices. ja12-t

CHIMNEYS

Cleaned Cheaper than Ever Before

and repaired. Orders left at L. Dickinsons grocery store, opposite City Hall, or at No. 23 St. Louis street will be promptly attended to. fe23-1m EDWARD BLAIN.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until Saturday noon, 28th instant, for the erection and completion of a frame residence for Mrs. S. Cave, on lot 6, Richmond Avenue, opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information may be obtained by applying to the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDWARD McCOSKRIE,
Architect, Belmont Block, Yates St.,
feb23-td Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALE.

Owing to the large amount of Goods received for sale, we are obliged to hold a SPECIAL SALE of all

KINDS OF MERCHANDISE, ETC,

On Tuesday Next, 24 inst.,

at 7 p. m., and in future will sell every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening at 7 p. m.

MORTIMER & COMPANY,

Auctioneers and Commission Sale Rooms,
feb23-1w 122 Government Street.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, Victoria West	$850
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	550
Lot, Esquimalt Road, " "	440
Lot, Hereward Road, " "	350
Lot, Parry Street, James Bay	850
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	350
Eight Acres Good Land Near City, per acre	175

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

30 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.